

Meeting: Board of Managers Meeting date: 10/23/2025 Agenda Item #: 10.1

Item type: Permit

Title: Permit 25-454: 7380 Minnewashta Parkway – Single-Family Home Construction

Applicant: Minnewashta LLC

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Recommendation:

Approval of Minnehaha Creek Watershed District (MCWD) permit application, with permit issuance conditioned on the following:

- Payment of permit fees for the cost of permit application, public notice mailing, engineering and legal review.
- Submission of financial assurance for Wetland Protection in the amount of \$5,243.73.
- Recording of a Maintenance Declaration after MCWD review and approval, for the establishment of a permanent wetland buffer.

Summary and Background:

Location and Project Scope:

Minnewashta LLC (Applicant) proposes to redevelop the 4.89 acre parcel at 7380 Minnewashta Parkway, in the City of Chanhassen. The proposed work consists of the demolition and reconstruction of one single-family home, as shown in Appendix A of Attachment A. The property lies between Lake Minnewashta to the east, and Minnewashta Parkway to the west, and falls within the Lake Virginia subwatershed. The eastern portion of the site, where the home is located, drains directly to the adjacent Lake Minnewashta, while the western portion drains to an on-site Manage 2 class wetland which drains south before draining to Lake Minnewashta.

Construction of the single-family home commenced in spring of 2025 without an MCWD permit, and the Applicant is therefore requesting an after-the-fact permit, as well as an Exception under the MCWD <u>Variances and Exceptions Rule</u>.

MCWD Rule Triggers:

The Applicant proposes to construct a single-family home at the site at 7380 Minnewashta Parkway in the City of Chanhassen, and MCWD's Wetland Protection and Floodplain Alteration Rules are applicable. The Wetland Protection rule applies due to the construction of a new residential structure that increases the site's impervious surface. The Floodplain Alteration Rule applies as a result of the proposed excavation and fill within the floodplain of the on-site wetland. The Applicant requests an exception, pursuant to the MCWD Variances and Exceptions Rule, with respect to the Wetland Protection Rule section 5, which requires that a vegetated buffer 24 feet in average width be established adjacent to a wetland with a Manage 2 classification in all areas downgradient of the new or reconstructed impervious surface. Section 5(c) states that the buffer width may be reduced to no less than 50% of the base width of 24 feet, and due to setback requirements and the proposed driveway and retaining wall, the applicant asserts that it is not feasible to meet this minimum width along the northern edge of the wetland. The site constraints have been reviewed by MCWD staff and staff finds the exception request due to those constraints to be reasonable. To offset the loss to buffer performance, the Applicant proposes to increase total buffer area and enhance planting measures within the buffer to provide habitat and vegetative improvements to the wetland.

MCWD Rule Analysis:

Erosion Control Rule:

MCWD's Erosion Control Rule applies to projects that propose to disturb more than 5,000 square feet or move 50 cubic yards or more of material. The project proposes to disturb approximately 30,000 square feet and excavate 360 cubic yards; therefore, the rule would apply. The Applicant proposes perimeter control at all construction limits and surrounding the wetland, with two rows of erosion control on the eastern limits towards the Lake. The City of Chanhassen has Erosion Control rule authority and is responsible for reviewing for compliance under the rule

Construction of the single-family home began in spring 2025 and is expected to continue through spring 2026. Most of the grading associated with house construction has been completed. Driveway construction, including the removal of the existing gravel driveway and construction of the new driveway to the north, has not yet begun. MCWD staff have conducted two site visits during the course of construction, during which erosion control measures were found to be acceptable.

Wetland Protection Rule:

MCWD's <u>Wetland Protection Rule</u> states in Section 4(a)(3) that if a new principal residential structure increases site impervious, a permanent vegetated buffer is required on the part of the wetland that is downgradient of the new or reconstructed impervious surface. The on-site wetland is classified as a Manage 2 wetland, requiring a 30-foot buffer. As referenced in section 5(a), a reduction in buffer width is permitted, due to an average buffer slope below 20 percent, and a predominant buffer soil class above a Type D hydric soil grade. This site allows for a 6-foot buffer width reduction due to both soil class and slope, resulting in a required 24-foot buffer width.

As referenced in the "Exception Request" section below, the Applicant has requested an exception to section 5 of the Wetland Protection Rule, which requires the 24-foot buffer, and specifically to section 5(c) which requires that the buffer width at any specific location be no less than 50% of the base width minimum of 24-feet. Under these conditions, a buffer area of 5,567 square feet is required. The applicant instead proposes a buffer that ranges from 0 to 24 feet, and has a total square footage of 10,617 square feet.

The Applicant has included adequate site plans showing property lines, delineation of the wetland, location of the wetland buffer area, location of buffer monuments, proposed grading areas within the buffer, and the proposed buffer Planting Plan, all in compliance with section 7 of the Wetland Protection Rule. The wetland boundary was determined by a delineation performed in June 2025 and that the City of Chanhassen approved in August 2025. The proposed Planting Plan describes that the Applicant intends to seed the wetland buffer area using the MnDOT 35-342 Mesic Prairie Native seed mix to achieve rule compliance, and to incorporate approximately 200 live plantings of native grasses and perennials, as described on page 7 of Attachment A, to exceed base rule requirements.

Section 4(d) of the rule requires, as a condition of permit issuance, that the property owner file a maintenance declaration on the deed establishing the perpetual buffer and maintenance of the buffer after establishment. This is recommended as a condition of permit issuance. Pursuant to section 6(e) of the rule, the applicant proposes to place perimeter control downgrade of work, preventing sediment movement into the wetland and buffer during the course of construction.

Floodplain Alteration Rule:

MCWD's <u>Floodplain Alteration Rule</u> applies to any filling, excavation, or grading within the floodplain of any waterbody. The Applicant has proposed to excavate 140 cubic yards below the on-site Manage 2 wetland 100-year floodplain elevation of 956.7 ft (NAVD88) for the purpose of removing the existing gravel driveway, and backfill with 140 cubic yards of soil at the same location to reach the existing elevation, resulting in 0 cubic yards of net fill. MCWD Staff and Engineer have reviewed the permit application and have found it to be complete and compliant with all Floodplain Alteration rule requirements.

Exception Request:

The Applicant seeks an exception to section 5 of the Wetland Protection rule, which requires a buffer adjacent to the wetland on any area that is downgradient of new or reconstructed impervious surface, not to be reduced by greater than 50% of the required 24-foot width. The Applicant instead proposes an enhanced wetland buffer through additional buffer area and plantings. As noted in the Variances and Exceptions rule, the Board of Managers may grant an exception from a particular water resources standard, specification, or management method in the MCWD rules, if it determines that an alternative approach proposed by the Applicant would achieve water resource outcomes of the type that the Board intends the standard, specification or method to achieve, and would do so to at least the same degree.

Section 5(c) states that buffer width at any point may be reduced to no less than 50% of the 24-foot Base Width, provided total buffer area is maintained. The proposed project conditions result in an area of 1,428 square feet not meeting the 12-foot minimum width, as depicted in Appendix A of Attachment A.

Wetland Buffer Proposal:

The Applicant proposes to enhance the buffer in two ways: (1) Extend the wetland buffer south, and into the western areas of the site, where the buffer is not required, and (2) Provide an enhanced wetland buffer habitat by planting native grasses and perennials into the wetland buffer area, rather than relying solely on a standard seed mix.

Extended Buffer

The Wetland Protection Rule requires that wetland buffers be established downgradient of the proposed impervious surface. However, the Applicant proposes to also extend the buffer area south to include the entire eastern and western sides of the wetland, as shown on page 13 of Attachment A. The expansion increases buffer area from 5,567 square feet to 10,617 square feet, equating to an increase of approximately 191%.

The extension of the wetland buffer along the eastern side of the wetland enhances the continuity and connectivity of vegetated areas surrounding the wetland, improving habitat quality, and filtration capacity, as well as resilience to disturbance along the vegetative edge.

The western edge of the wetland lies approximately 47-feet downslope of the adjacent Minnewashta Parkway. Although the runoff from the roadway's impervious surface is captured by curb and gutter, the proposed 15-foot buffer extension along this edge of the wetland provides benefits such as protection from future encroachment, disturbance, and indirect impacts attributed to land use and human activity.

Enhanced Planting Plan

Section 7 of the Wetland Protection Rule requires that a wetland buffer planting plan specify the seeding or planting method, but does not require a specific approach. As a result, a standard native seed mix planting plan meets rule requirements. The Applicant has proposed an enhanced planting plan which combines a base native seed mix with approximately 150-200 plugs of native grasses, and perennials. The incorporation of live plantings into a planting plan not only increases biodiversity but also leverages the presence of more mature plants to have earlier habitat and water quality benefits. The Applicant has developed a maintenance plan determined by MCWD to be suitable for the wetland buffer vegetation, with its incorporation into the maintenance declaration being a condition of permit approval.

Exception Analysis:

MCWD staff and Engineer have evaluated both the site constraints which prompt the exception request, and how the proposal compares with strict rule compliance in regard to two key functions of wetland buffers: improving water quality and providing habitat.

Site Constraints

The 4.89 acre parcel site measures approximately 266 feet in length from the northern to the southern lot line, with 10-foot setbacks required from each side. A Manage 2 wetland, with an area of approximately 21,140 square feet, extends along the western portion of the parcel, in a north-south orientation, spanning approximately 224 feet in length from its northernmost to southernmost point (as depicted in Appendix A of Attachment A). Under existing conditions, a gravel driveway runs along the southern parcel boundary, encroaching onto the neighboring property and failing to meet City

setback requirements and the geotechnical standards for bituminous substrate. To address these issues, the project proposes relocating the driveway to the upland area north of the wetland. The proposed driveway results in a de minimis amount of fill totaling 80 square feet at the north side of the Manage 2 wetland, minimized by the proposed construction of a retaining wall between the driveway and wetland.

The parcel, reduced in length by setback requirements, and the configuration of the wetland, has a significantly limited available buildable area. As a result, maintaining the 12-foot minimum wetland buffer width along all portions downgradient of the new and reconstructed impervious surface is infeasible while still abiding by City setback requirements. To maintain the required buffer would eliminate driveway access to the proposed residence, compromising the residential function of the parcel.

Water Quality:

A primary function of wetland buffers is the water quality benefits they provide by filtering pollutants, sediment, and excess nutrients from stormwater runoff before it enters the wetland. The Applicant's proposal has been evaluated against existing conditions and full Wetland Protection Rule compliance, which would require a minimum 12-foot and average 24-foot buffer adjacent to the wetland.

Under existing conditions, the gravel driveway directs untreated runoff from approximately 5,800 square feet of impervious surface into the wetland. The Applicant proposes to remove the existing gravel driveway and replace the area with turf grass and add a bituminous driveway north of the wetland. The proposed condition will reduce the impervious area draining to the wetland to 4,600 square feet, resulting in a 1,200 square foot, or 21%, decrease in impervious surface upslope of the wetland. As a result, the reduction in runoff volume, combined with the replacement of the existing driveway with turf grass, will improve infiltration and reduce sediment loads to the wetland.

In comparison, full rule compliance requiring a 12-foot minimum buffer would preclude driveway access that meets City requirements, therefore making the site functionally unsuitable for residential use. However, for the purpose of evaluating the exception, this analysis compares the proposed condition to the hypothetical, fully compliant condition with a 12-foot minimum buffer. Full compliance requires a buffer area of 5,567 square feet. The Applicant proposes to buffer 10,617 square feet, creating a 191% increase in buffer area. Although there is no impervious surface draining through the additional buffer area, its increased size will function to capture and slightly decrease pollutant loads to the wetland in the exception scenario, resulting in greater water-quality benefit than the fully compliant scenario.

Habitat:

Another key function of wetland buffers is to support wildlife habitat by providing shelter, food, and breeding grounds for various species; as well as through the provision and preservation of wildlife movement corridors and regional habitat connectivity. The existing condition of the wetland provides limited habitat value with historically mowed as part of the residential lawn, and consisting of non-native invasive, and moderate quality vegetation such as reed canary grass, Kentucky blue grass, crab grass, and yellow-nut sedge.

When comparing a typical planting plan to one which incorporates diverse plantings, the latter provides more benefits for wildlife. A diverse planting strategy also enhances habitat function as increased biodiversity provides a wider range of shelter and food sources for organisms with varying needs. The existing vegetation in the proposed buffer area is sparse and of low quality. The Applicant's proposed buffer area and planting plan will increase habitat value and function compared to full rule compliance. While the buffer width is reduced in localized areas, the increased buffer area, providing nearly 191% of the required square footage, provides a larger area for wildlife habitat.

Additionally, the inclusion of live grass and perennial plantings, including species with varying heights and rooting depths, will provide greater vertical structure, creating cover, foraging habitat, and nectar sources for pollinators and other small wildlife. Although the shortfall in buffer width may slightly constrain wildlife movement in some areas, the substantial net increase in vegetated area, plant diversity, and habitat structure will compensate for the localized narrowing. The proposed design achieves an improvement in habitat function compared to full-compliance conditions.

Summary:

The Applicant has applied for a Minnehaha Creek Watershed District permit under the Wetland Protection and Floodplain Alteration Rules, and an exception to the wetland buffer width requirement as outlined in section 5(c) of the Wetland Protection Rule requiring that buffer width may be reduced to no less than 50% of the minimum base width of 24-feet. The Applicant has proposed additional buffer area, expanding the buffer beyond the required area, as well as incorporating mature plantings to offset the shortfall in buffer width and area. MCWD staff and District Engineer have evaluated the request for an exception from the minimum 12-foot wetland buffer width in regard to habitat and wetland quality, and find that the Applicant has provided sufficient evidence that the proposed project will achieve water resource outcomes equivalent to or greater than full rule compliance in regard to section 5 of the Wetland Protection rule. Therefore, staff recommends approval of the requested exception, and the permit application, with the conditions listed at the beginning of this report.

Attachments:

- A. Exception Package and Site Plans
- B. Floodplain Plan Set
- C. Floodplain Technical Memo

Attachment A: Exception Package and Site Plans







MCWD
FLOODPLAIN ALTERATION,
WETLAND PROTECTION RULE
BUFFER EXCEPTION
AND
ESTABLISHMENT PLAN

L Cramer Builders

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BACKGROUND

L Cramer Builders is proposing to demolish the existing home and reconstruct a new principal residential structure located at 7380 Minnewashta Parkway, Chanhassen, Carver County, Minnesota. Proposed work includes new principal residential structure, new bituminous driveway with retaining wall along north parcel boundary, and removal of existing gravel driveway along south parcel boundary.

The City of Chanhassen, acting as the Local Government Unit (LGU), responsible for implementing the Wetland Conservation Act, issued a Notice of Decision July 30, 2025 on approving a wetland delineation completed by Anderson Engineering identifying Wetland #1, a Type 2, Fresh Wet Meadow, Depressional wetland on the subject parcel. The wetland is identified in the Minnehaha Creek Watershed District's (MCWD) Functional Assessment of Wetlands as having a Manage 2 management class.

Additionally, the City issued NOD also approved WCA exemption for de minimis wetland fill of 80 square feet for the new driveway along the north parcel boundary. The existing gravel driveway along the south parcel boundary encroaches on neighboring south property, does meet setback requirements, and does not meet geotechnical requirements for suitable bituminous substrate. Proposed wetland impacts are minimized via proposed retaining wall between Wetland #1 and proposed driveway.

IMPERVIOUS ANALYSIS

In the existing condition there is 5,800 sf south gravel driveway upslope of the wetland. In the proposed condition there is 4,600 sf of north bituminous driveway upslope of the wetland. The proposed project would result in the net reduction of 1,200 sf of impervious area upslope of the wetland (see Figure 1)

MCWD WATERBODY CROSSINGS & STRUCTURES RULE

The MCWD Waterbody Crossings & Structures Rule states:

2. One may not place a roadway, bridge, boardwalk, utility, conveyance, or associated structure below the top of bank of a waterbody; place any such structure beneath a waterbody; or enclose any part of a waterbody within a pipe or culvert; without first securing a permit from the District.

The proposed project does NOT trigger the Waterbody Crossings & Structures Rule as the cross culvert beneath the proposed north driveway relocation does not encroach into the wetland basin.

MCWD FLOODPLAIN ALTERATION RULE

The MCWD Floodplain Alteration Rule applicability is:

(a) A permit is required to fill, excavate, or grade within the floodplain of a water body.

Fill, excavation, or grading must conform to the following standards:

- (a) Any floodplain fill must be offset so there is no loss in flood storage between the ordinary high water and 100-year high water elevations. There may not be net positive fill at any time during the work, unless applicant has demonstrated it is impractical and has obtained District approval of a sequencing plan for which applicant's registered professional engineer has demonstrated that the No-Rise Standard is met.
- (b) Offset for fill in a waterbody other than a watercourse is not required if the applicant demonstrates that fill on all riparian properties to the extent proposed by the applicant would meet the No-Rise Standard and not restrict flood flows.
- (c) Fill in a watercourse must meet the following criteria:
 - 1. No impervious surface may be placed within the 10-year floodplain or within 25 feet of the watercourse centerline, whichever greater, unless the surface is: (1) no more than 10% of the site 10-year floodplain area; or (2) a linear component of a public roadway or trail.
 - 2. Applicant must meet the No-Rise Standard.

The 100-year high water elevation of Wetland #1 is calculated to be 956.7'.

The proposed 80-sf of wetland fill impact for the proposed north driveway is above the 956.7; outside of the 100-year high water elevation floodplain.

Thes proposed work to remove the gravel surface from the existing south driveway, replace with soil to same elevation, and seed to turf grass will result in 3,000 sf / 140 cy of balanced earthwork within the floodplain resulting in no net loss of flood volume storage

MCWD WETLAND PROTECTION

The proposed project triggers the MCWD Wetland Protection Rule:

4. VEGETATED BUFFER

A property owner must obtain a permit establishing a permanent vegetated buffer adjacent to wetland or public waters wetland in accordance with this section.

- (a) A buffer is required as follows:
 - 3. If a New Principal Residential Structure that increases site impervious surface is constructed, a buffer is required on that part of the wetland that is downgradient of the new or reconstructed impervious surface.

Buffer width is based on the management class of the wetland, as established by the District's Functional Assessment of Wetlands, as updated. A Base Width is established and may be reduced on the basis of favorable slope or soil condition, but not below the Base Width Minimum, each as follows:

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Management Class	Base Width	Base Width Minimum	Average Width Range 50% to 200%
Manage 2	30 feet	24 feet	12 to 48

Allowable buffer width reductions include:

- 1. For each five percent by which the average buffer slope is below 20 percent, the Base Width may be reduced by two feet.
- 2. For each Hydrologic Soil Group grade above Type D by which the buffer soil is predominantly classified, the Base Width may be reduced by two feet.

The average slope within the area of required buffer is approximately 7%. The buffer base width can be reduced by 4-feet.

The soils within the area of required buffer are predominantly "C". The buffer base width can be reduced by an additional 2-feet.

BUFFER REQUIRED:

The project specific base buffer width is 24-feet on that part of the wetland that is downgradient of the new or reconstructed impervious surface. Buffer can be averaged from 50% to 200%; i.e., 12-feet to 48-feet wide.

Attached Figure 2 depicts the **required 5,567 square feet,** 24-feet base width buffer width downslope of the new bituminous driveway.

BUFFER EXCEPTION

Due to proposed retaining wall and new bituminous driveway, the project has a buffer **deficiency of 1,428 square feet**, areas not meeting the 12-feet minimum average width requirement, as depicted on attached Figure 2.

The proposed driveway relocation to the north parcel boundary is needed because the existing gravel driveway along the south parcel boundary encroaches on neighboring south property, does meet setback requirements, and does not meet geotechnical requirements for suitable bituminous substrate. Proposed wetland impacts are minimized via proposed retaining wall between Wetland #1 and proposed driveway.

The MCWD wetland protection rule requires a 24-feet wide base buffer, that can be averaged from 12-feet to 48-feet wide, preserving the existing established herbaceous vegetation. The existing herbaceous vegetation in the buffer, and the entirety of the wetland, have historically been routinely mowed as part of the residential lawn. The existing buffer vegetation is of moderate quality consisting of Kentucky blue grass, crab grass, reed canary grass (non-native invasive), ground ivy, meadow foxtail, yellow-nut sedge (invasive), and fox sedge.

The project proposes a 24-feet wide buffer along the east and approximately 15-feet wide buffer along the west side of Wetland #1 totaling **10,617 square feet** as depicted on Figure 3 to be seeded with MnDOT Mesic Prairie Native Seed Mix 35-341 and augmented with individual plug seedlings.

The proposed buffer provides the required 24-feet wide buffer, not only where possible downslope of new constructed impervious, but also along the entirety of the east side of Wetland #1. Additionally, the project proposes 15-feet buffer along the entirety of the west side of Wetland #1. The total proposed buffer of 10,617

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square feet, exceeds the 5,567 square feet of required buffer. Not only does the project propose providing nearly 191% of the required square footage, the 10,617 square feet will be seeded with MnDOT Mesic Prairie Native Seed Mix 35-341 and augmented with one tray each (typically 30 or 50 potted individual plants) of Big Bluestem, Blazing Star, Wild Bergamot, and Stiff Golden Rod throughout the buffer area providing increased vegetative diversity, deeper rooting native species providing enhanced infiltration, more resilient vegetative community, and more friendly wildlife/pollinator habitat.

The south side of Wetland #1 was evaluated for dedicated buffer, however underground utilities and desire to maintain unrestricted area led to not proposing for formal buffer. The area will however have the existing gravel driveway surface removed, replaced with soil to match elevations, and the area seeded to turf grass leading to reduced imperious area contributing to Wetland #1.

The wetland basin itself was evaluated for vegetative restoration, and dismissed since it is not dominated by nonnative, invasives vegetation (~ 33% cover), small size leading to reduce resiliency and risk of any disturbance leading to increased colonization of undesirable, weedy species leading to increased herbicide and management.

PLANTING PLAN

BUFFER PREP AND SEEDING:

The following will generally be the approach to seeding the proposed buffer area with MnDOT Mesic Prairie General seed mix (35-241) as contained within Appendix B.

- 1. Mow buffer area.
- 2. Herbicide or mechanically till buffer area.
- 3. Ensure level, firm seed bed for seeding.
- 4. Purchase MnDOT seed mix 35-341 and keep the seed tag showing supplier and origin and specifications for project records.
- 5. Drill, broadcast, or hydromulch specified seed mix at recommended rate (see seed mix in Appendix B). For best results, the MnDOT Seeding Manual recommends applying seed during normal climatic conditions for spring seeding between April 15 to July 20 and fall seeding September 20 to October 20. Winter dormant seeding is best done with the soil temperature at a depth of one inch is at or below 40 degrees Fahrenheit.
- 6. Fertilizer shall NOT be applied in the wetland buffer.
- 7. Hand plant one tray each (typically 30 or 50 potted individual plants) randomly throughout the buffer:
 - a. Big Bluestem
 - b. Blazing Star
 - c. Wild Bergamot
 - d. Stiff Golden Rod
- 8. After seed has germinated, hand-seed the specified mix into any bare or disturbed areas that did not germinate and lightly rake the hand spread seed into the soil to ensure contact.

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MAINTENANCE AND MONITORING PLAN

The seeded buffer areas will require maintenance and monitoring for up to five years to prevent growth of unwanted non-native/invasive species and to promote native species development. The site has been managed as residential turf grass for decades; however, nonnative and invasive species may include clover, common plantain, dandelion, crabgrass, barnyard grass, reed canary grass, and Canada thistle requiring adequate management and control via mechanical or chemical methods.

Eradication of non-native and invasive species will be conducted as necessary to minimize competition that could prevent the establishment of native species.

MOWING

To help establish wetland a wetland buffer plant community, buffer should be mowed at least twice during the first and second growing seasons and as needed thereafter. Mowing shall commence when weed species reach 6-10 inches, before the plants form flowering heads (weeds usually reach 12-14 inches). The mowing height shall be set so that the vegetation in the restoration area is left at minimum height of 5 inches after mowing is complete. Mowing height should be raised as native plants establish. Primary goals of mowing are to allow sufficient light to reach native plant seedlings and preventing weed seed production. Care should be taken to not mow desirable species in the planting if possible (the species listed in the seed mix). For example, if the weed species are 12 to 14 inches and the native species are 7 to 8 inches high, the mowing height should be set at 9 inches.

HERBICIDE

Non-native and invasive plants should be removed by hand or controlled with proper herbicides. Pesticides and herbicides may be selectively applied within a buffer in conformance with Minnesota Department of Agriculture rules and guidelines.

LANDSCAPING

Buffer may not be cultivated, cropped, pastured or otherwise be disturbed. No mulch, yard waste, fill, debris or other material may be placed within the wetland or buffer areas on a temporary or permanent basis.

MONITORING

The site will be visited at least once during the growing season by a biologist, landscape architect, or other qualified professional. The site visit should occur mid-June to early August. The inspector should make note of dominant species, including invasive species and bare ground, estimate their percent cover, compare the community to what is expected per the seed tag, note any needed corrective actions, and describe vegetation management strategies to make progress to the establishment criteria. Issues will be communicated to the owner along with recommended corrective actions. Representative photos should be collected from vantage points on the site plan.

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BUFFER ESTABLISHMENT CRITERIA

The vegetation buffer is successfully established when the buffer meets final stabilization criteria consistent with any required stormwater permit or when 70% absolute cover is met.

ANNUAL INSPECTION REPORT

An annual inspection report shall be prepared and submitted to MCWD before January 1 of each year for five years after construction, unless vegetative cover criteria are met and with MCWD approval.

The annual inspection report shall include the following:

- 1. Describe dominant plant species within the buffer, estimate their percent cover, and compare to the seed tag associated with this approved planting/seeding plan;
- 2. Include a site plan that delineates the buffer and shows areas of bare soil, erosion, invasive vegetation, disturbed vegetation or encroachment;
- 3. Describe management strategies to be used in the next growing season to make progress toward the establishment goal;
- 4. Include color photographs taken during growing season, with vantage points indicated on the site plan.

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Appendix A

FIGURES

IMPERVIOUS ANALYSIS DRAINING TO WETLAND (Per Schedule A of the herein referenced Title Commitment) That part of Government Lot 3, Section 8, Township 116 Aorth, Range 23 West, Carver County, Minnesota, described as follows: Commencing at the SW corner of Lot 3 in Section 8, Township 116, Range 23; thence running N. 11 chains; thence East parallel with South line of said Lot 3, to Minnewashta Lake; thence Southwesterly along lake shore to the South line of said Lot 3, thence West along said line to the place of beginning, except that part thereof lying Easterly of the center line of County Road, also known as Yellowstoon Frail, and Mortherly of the following described line: Commencing on the West line of said Government Lot 40, 26 North of the Southwest Corner thereof, thence East parallel to the South line of said Government Lot 40, 15 the; thence East parallel to the South line of said Government Lot 40, 15 the shore of Lake Minnewashta and the extension Easterly of said Existing South Gravel Driveway = 5,800 sf Proposed North Bituminous Driveway = $\frac{4,600 \text{ sf}}{1000 \text{ sf}}$ Net Reduction = 1,200 sfFlood Zone Information: This property appears to lie in Zone X (area determined to be outside of the 0.2% annual chance floodplain) and Zone AE (Areas subject to immdation by the 1-percent-annual-chance flood event determined by detailed methods. Base Flood Elevations (BFEs) are shown. Mandatory flood insurance purchase requirements and floodplain management standards apply;) per Flood insurance Rate Map, Community Panel No. 27019C02260, Gross Area: 256,437± s.f. ~ 5,887± acres MINNEWASHTA R/W Area: 28,352 s.f.~ 0.651 acres Wet Area: 1,768± s.f.~ 0.041± acres --- 440 ---N89°17'56"E 425.84 Zoning Information: The current Zoning for the subject property is RSF (Single Family Residential District) per the City of Chanhassen's zoning map dated 2/10/23. The setback, height, and floor space area restrictions for said zoning designation are as follows: Principal Structure Setbacks -Side: 10 feet Lake: 75 feet (From Ordinary High Water Line) Hardcover: 25 percent of lot area (up to 30% with the addition of City-approved shoreline vegetative buffer *Please note that the zoning information shown hereon may have been amended through a city process. We recommend that a zoning letter be obtained from the Zoning Administrator for the current restrictions for this site. All subsale information and hardcover data for planning and design must be verified by all parties involved in the design and planning process prior to any planning construction. Utilities: We have shown the location of utilities on the surveyed property by observed evidence only. There may be underground utilities encumbering subject property we are unaware. Please note that we have not placed a Gopher State One Call for this survey. There may or may not be underground utilities in the mapped area, therefore extreme caution must be exercise before any execution takes place on or near this site. Also, please note that seasonal conditions may inhibit our ability to visibly observe all the utilities for the subject property Refore digging, you are required by law to notify Gopher State One Call at least 48 hours in advance a 65/1454-002. SURVEY REPORT MINNEWASHTA PARKWAY This map and report was prepared with the benefit of a Commitment for Title Insurance issued by CHB Title LLC, as an issuing agent for Old Republic National Title Insurance Company, File No. 58382, dated May 7th, 2023. We note the following with regards to Schedule B of the herein referenced Title Commitmen a) Item no.'s 1-8 are not survey related Item no. 11 - Subject to Minnewashta Parkway as laid out and traveled over Item no. 12 - Subject to the rights in the property for the following matters as evidenced on the survey prepared by Harry S, Johnson co, Inc. dated May 1, 2023 a) A portion of the building encroaches over the South Property line. b) Underground Electric, Underground Telephone, Water, Gas, and Sanitary Sewer lines along Minnewashta Parkway d) Fence on/over the North property line by Minnewashta Lake. Observations/Comments noted hereon per field survey such as (but not limited to): access, occupation, and easements and/or servitudes: SURVEY LEGEND CAST IRON MONUMENT IRON PIPE MONUMENT SET IRON PIPE MONUMENT FOUND DRILL HOLE FOUND CHISELED "X" MONUMENT FOUND FICH NAIL MONUMENT FOUND PIC NAIL MONUMENT SET FICH NAIL MONUMENT FOUND PIC NAIL MONUMENT FOUND PIC NAIL MONUMENT FOUND PIC NAIL MONUMENT FOUND PIC NAIL WONUMENT FOUND PIC NAIL WY ALLUMINUM DISC SURVEY CONTROL POINT WOE WALKOUT ELEVATION FFE FIRST FLOOR ELEVATION GFE GARAGE FLOOR ELEVATION TOF TOP DOF FOUNDATION ELEV. LOE LOWEST OPENING ELEV. BITUMINOUS BITUMINOUS BUILDING SETBACK LINE CTV — CABLE TV KELLYNNE CABLE TV CONCRETE CURB 960 _ CONTOUR EXISTING 960 _ CONTOUR PROPOSE SURVEY CONTROL POINT LARED END SECTION A/C UNIT CABLE TV PEDESTAL CONTOUR PROPOSED TREE DECIDUOUS TREE CONIFEROUS REMOVED TREE DECIDUOUS REMOVED GUARD RAIL DRAIN TILE TELEPHONE MANHOLE TELEPHONE PEDESTAL FENCE FIBER OPTIC UNDERGROUND UTILITY MANHOLE GAS UNDERGROUNE GAS GAS UNDERGROUND OVERHEAD UTILITY TREE LINE SANITARY SEWER STORM SEWER TEL TELEPHONE UNDERGROUND RETAINING WALL UTILITY UNDERGROUND WATERMAIN TRAFFIC SIGNAL HARMAIN RAIL ROAD TRACKS Fence ties are shown on the side of the boundary line that SCALE IN FEET MONITORING WELL CURB STOP GATE VALVE HYDRANT WINDERSTOP HYDRANT FOR IRRIGATION VALVE POST INDICATOR VALVE SIGN SIGN SIGN SIGN SIGN MONITORING RAILROAD SIGNAL RAILROAD SWITCH SATELLITE DISH WETLAND BUFFER SIGN USE (INCLUDING COPYING, DISTRIBUTION, AND/OR CONVEYANCE OF INFORMATION) OF THIS PRODUCT IS FRICTLY PROHIBITED WITHOUT SATHEE-BERGOUIST, INC; EXPRESS WITHTEN AUTHORIZATION. USE WITHOUT SAD AUTHORIZATION CONSTITUTES AN ILLEGITIMATE USE AND AUTHORIZATION CONSTITUTES AN ILLEGITIMATE USE AND TWP. 116-RGE.23-SEC.08 Carver County I hereby certify that this survey, plan or report was prepared by me or under my direct supervision and that I am a duly Licen Land Surveyor under the laws of the State of Minnesota. SLOPE ANALYSIS UPDATE DRIVEWAY, HARDCOVER CALC, Dated this 8th day of November, 2024. SATHRE-BERGQUIST, INC. CHANHASSEN, AUTHORIZATION COISTI OT ES AN ILLEGITIMATE USE ANU SHALL THEREBY INDEMINEY SATHRE-BERGOUST, INC., OF ILL RESPONSIBILITY, SATHRE-BERGOUST, INC. RESERVE! THE RIGHT TO HOLD ANY ILLEGITIMATE USER OR PARTY LEGALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGES OR LOSSES RESULTING FROM ILLEGITIMATE USE.

UPDATE PER CITY COMMENTS

Daniel L. Schmidt, PLS

UPDATE PER COMMENTS

HOUSE STAKED

1/23/2025

IMPERVIOUIS AREA

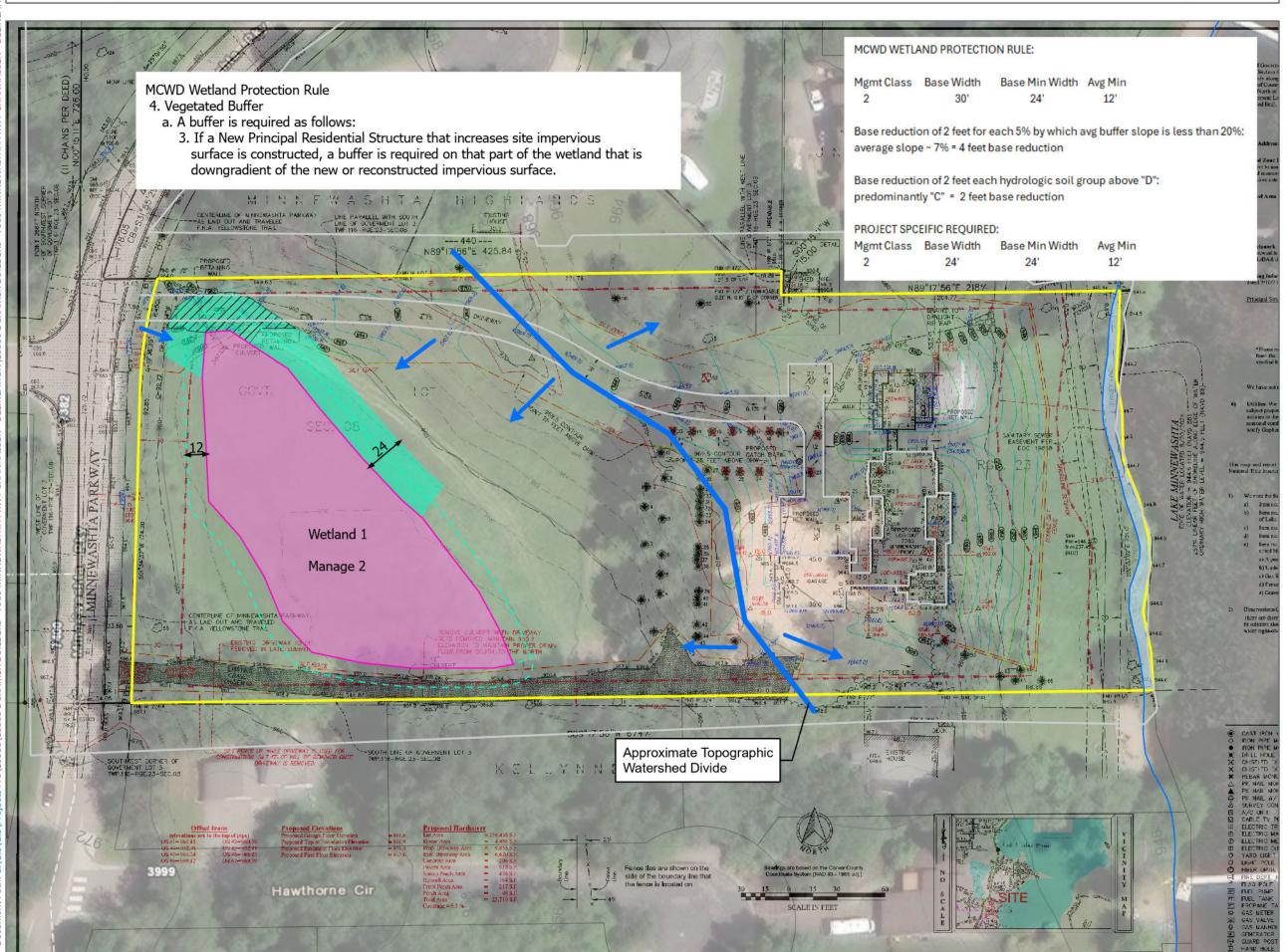
14000 25TH AVENUE NORTH, SUITE 120

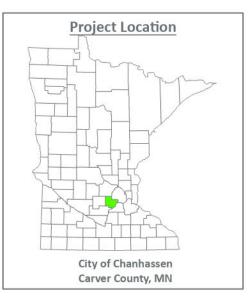
MINNESOTA

8790-033

7380 Minnewashta Parkway Chanhassen, Minnesota

Wetland Buffer Requirements





Legend

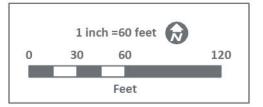
- Project Parcel
- County Parcels
- Wetland
- Lake
- Required 24' Base Buffer Area (5,567 S.F.)
- Non-Conforming Buffer Area (1,428 S.F.)
- 12' Minimum Buffer
- Approx. Watershed Divide
- Drainage Direction

Project Notes

Address: 7380 Minnewashta Parkway, Chanhassen, MN Lat/Long: 44.87094,-93.62078 PID: 250082800

Project No: 18506 Date: 8.11.2025

Sources: MNDNR, USDA, ESRI, Carver Co., Anderson Engineering

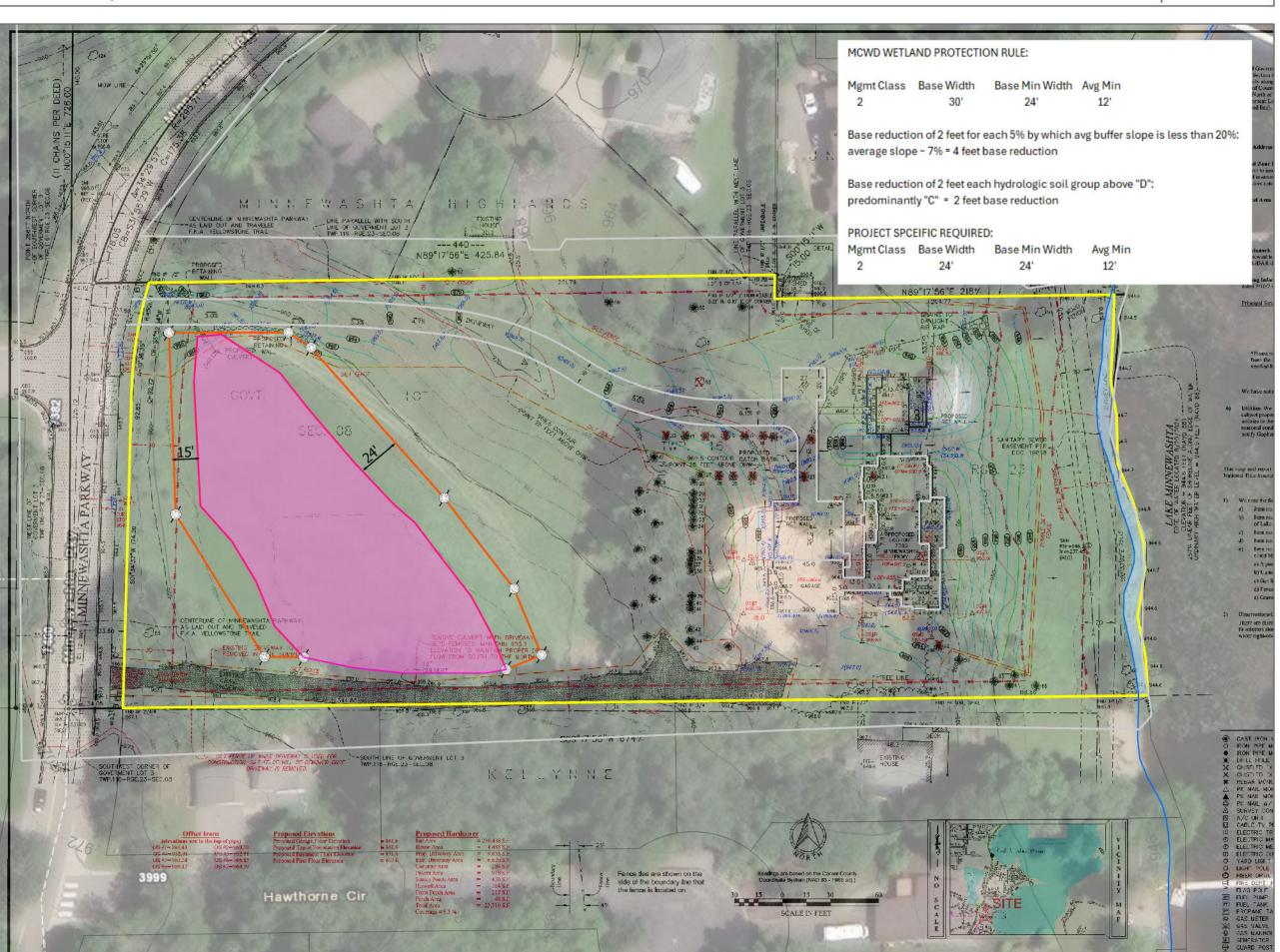


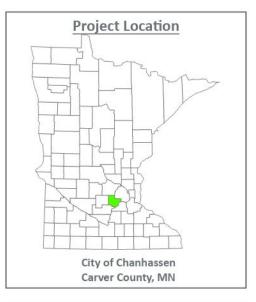
ANDERSON

13605 1st Ave N #100, Plymouth, MN 55441 **P** 763.412.4000 **F** 763.412.4090 **ae-mn**.com

7380 Minnewashta Parkway Chanhassen, Minnesota

FIGURE 3
Proposed Butter





Legend

Project Parcel

County Parcels

Wetland

Lake

Proposed Buffer (10,617 S.F.)

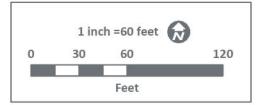
Buffer Monument

Project Notes

Address: 7380 Minnewashta Parkway, Chanhassen, MN Lat/Long: 44.87094,-93.62078 PID: 250082800

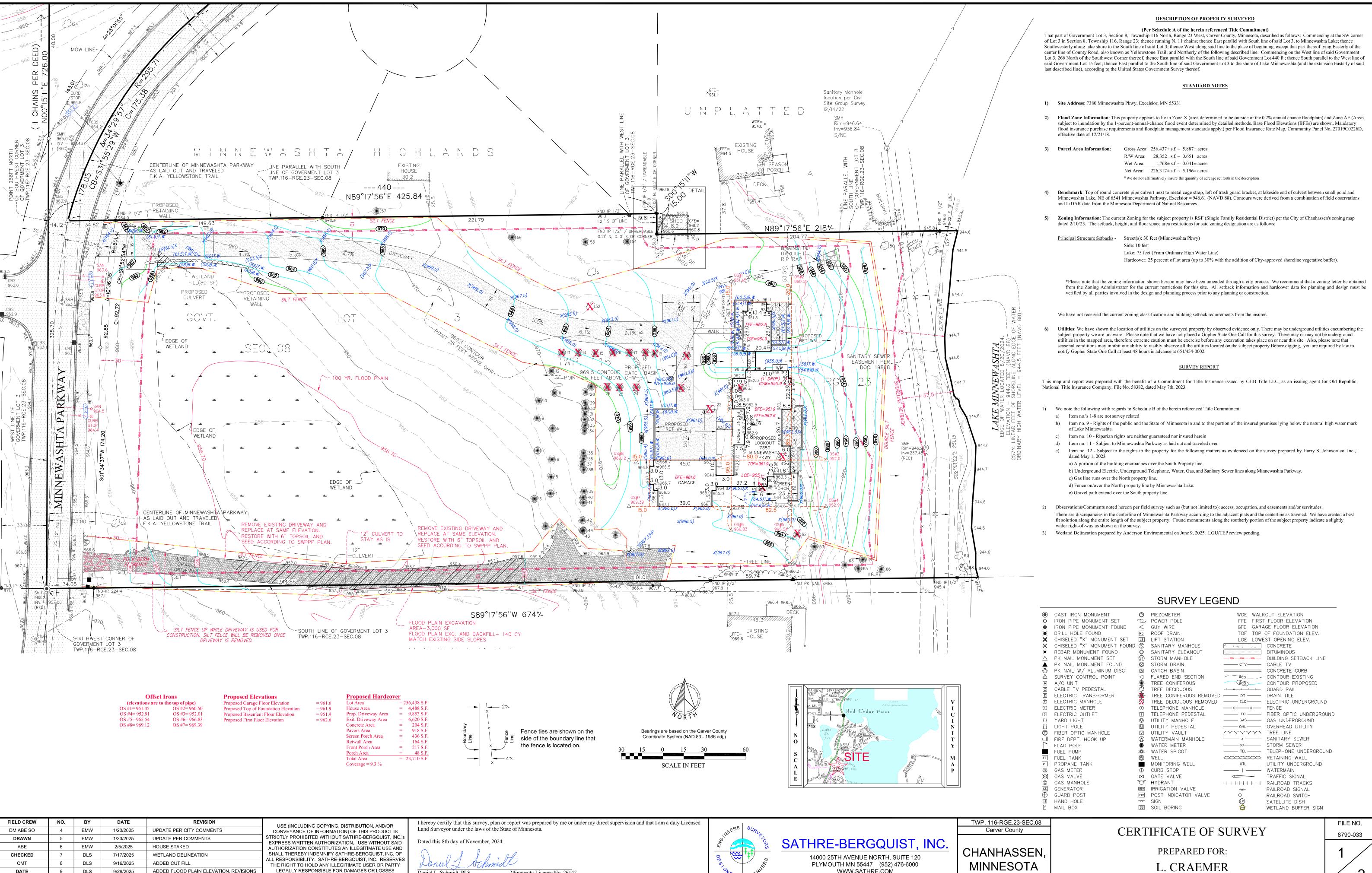
> Project No: 18506 Date: 8.11.2025

Sources: MNDNR, USDA, ESRI, Carver Co., Anderson Engineering



ANDERSON

13605 1st Ave N #100, Plymouth, MN 55441 **P** 763.412.4000 **F** 763.412.4090 **ae-mn**.com



WWW.SATHRE.COM

LEGALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGES OR LOSSES

RESULTING FROM ILLEGITIMATE USE.

Daniel L. Schmidt, PLS

schmidt@sathre.com

Minnesota License No. 26147

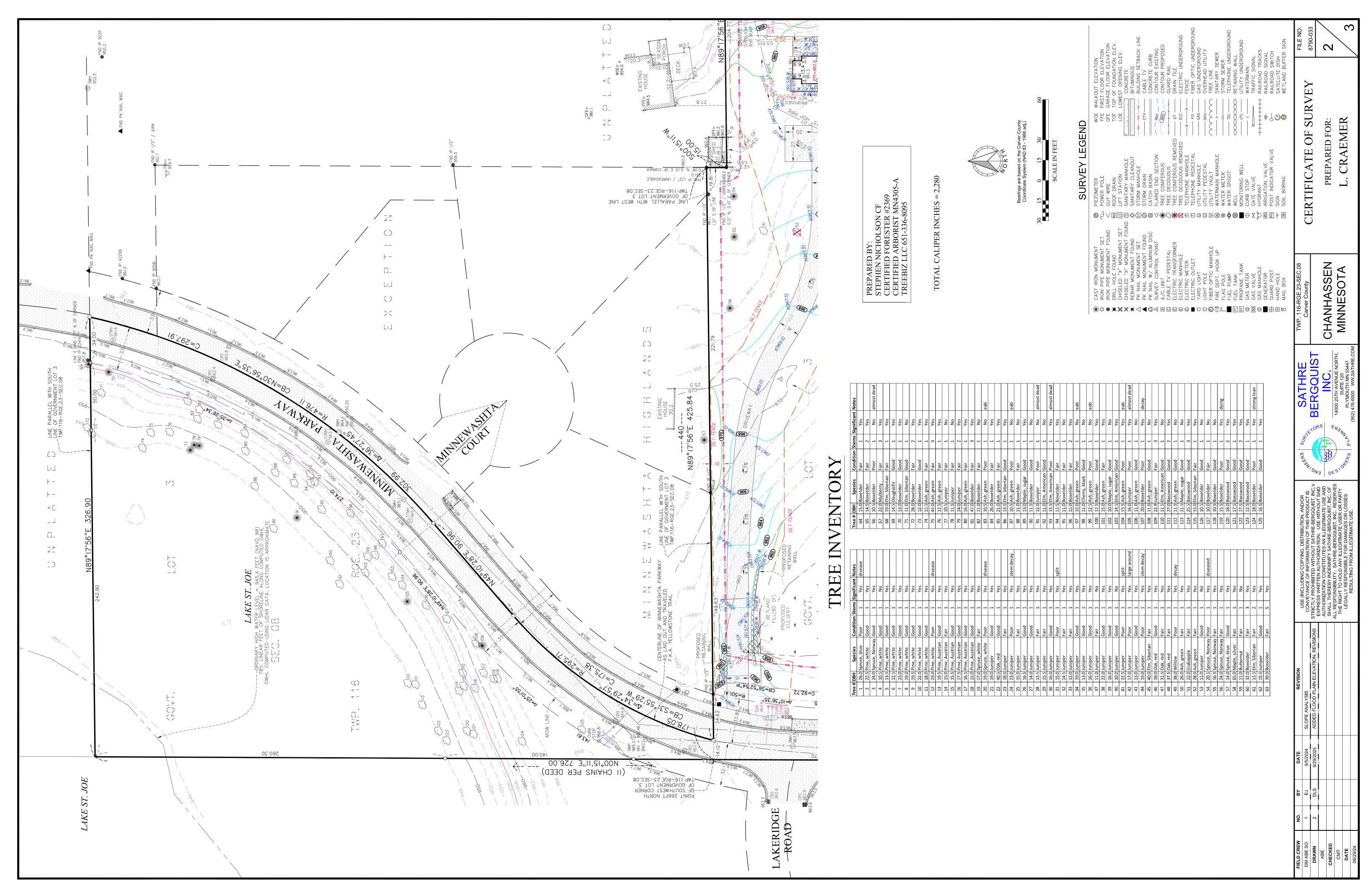
ADDED FLOOD PLAIN ELEVATION, REVISIONS

DLS

9/29/2025

DATE

08/29/24



Storm water, Sediment, and Erosion Control Contact:

Greg Jurvakainen L.Cramer Builders and Remodelers

O. 952-935-8482 C. 612-968-5886

Email: greg@lcramer.com

Construction Sequencing

- 1. Delineate the location of areas not to be disturbed before work begins.
- 2. Establish sediment control practices on all down gradient perimeters before any up gradient land disturbing activities begin. These practices shall remain in place until final stabilization has been established.
- 3. Install all perimeter sediment control devices and construction entrances. The timing of installation of sediment control practices may be adjusted in order to accommodate short-term activities, but sediment control practices must be installed before the next precipitation event even if the short-term activity is not complete.
- 4. Contact the City for approval of the sediment control devices.
- 5. Rough grade the site.
- 6. Install utilities.
- 7. Install pavements.
- 8. Install lawn and landscape.
- 9. Restore all disturbed areas.
- 10. Clean all storm sewer and conveyance
- 11. After all disturbed areas are stabilized,
- obtain approval from the City and/or Watershed District.
- 12. Remove all temporary sediment control devices.

Sediment Control Practices:

FIELD CREW

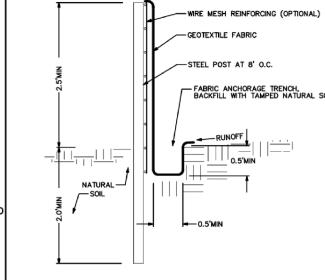
NO.

BY

- .. Implement sediment control practices in order to minimize sediment from entering surface waters, including curb and gutter systems and storm drain 2. Install all temporary or permanent sediment control measures including silt fence at perimeter of construction, bio-logs at driveway, sediment filters,
- silt sacks, and sedimentation basins prior to beginning site clearing, grading, or other land-disturbing activity. Protect all storm sewer inlets that receive runoff from disturbed areas
- 8. Establish sediment control practices on all down gradient perimeters before any up gradient land disturbing activities begin. These practices must remain in place until final stabilization has been established
- 4. The timing of the installation of sediment control practices may be adjusted in order to accommodate short-term activities, but sediment control practices must be installed before the next precipitation event even if the short-term activity is not complete.
- 5. If the down gradient treatment system becomes overloaded, install additional up gradient sediment control practices or redundant BMPs in order to
- 6. Before beginning construction, install a Temporary Rock Construction Entrance at each point where vehicles exit the construction site. Use 25 mm (1 inch) to 50 mm (2 inch) diameter rock, MNDOT Standard Specification 3137 CA-1, CA-2, CA-3, or equal Coarse Aggregate. Place the aggregate in a layer at least 152 mmm (6 inches) thick across the entire width of the entrance. Extend the rock entrance at least 15 m (50 feet) into the construction zone. Use a MNDOT Standard Specification 3733 Type V permeable geotextile fabric material beneath the aggregate in order to prevent migration of soil into the rock from below. Maintain the entrance in a condition that will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto paved roadways. Provide periodic top dressing with addition stone as required. Close entrances not protected by temporary rock construction entrances to all construction
- 7. If necessary, clean the wheels of construction vehicles in order to remove soils before the vehicles leave the construction site. Wash vehicles only on an area stabilized with stone that drains into an approved sediment trapping device.
- 8. Remove all soils and sediments tracked or otherwise deposited onto adjacent property, pavement areas, sidewalks, streets, and alleys. Removal shall be on a daily basis throughout the duration of the construction. Clean paved roadways by shoveling, wet-sweeping, or dry sweeping. If necessary, scrape paved surfaces in order to loosen compacted sediment material prior to sweeping. Haul sediment material to a suitable disposal area. Street washing is allowed only after sediment has been removed by shoveling or sweeping.
- 3. Soil Stockpiles: Install silt fence or other effective sediment controls around all temporary soil stockpiles. Locate soil or dirt stockpiles such that the down slope drainage length is no less than 8 m (25 feet) from the toe of the pile to a surface water, including stormwater conveyances such as curb and gutter systems, or conduits and ditches unless there is a bypass in place for the stormwater. If remaining for more than 7 days, stabilize the stockpiles by mulching, vegetative cover, tarps, or other means. During street repair, cover construction soil or dirt stockpiles located closer than 8 m (25 feet) to a roadway or drainage channel with tarps, and protect storm sewer inlets with silt sacks or staked siltfence.
- 10. Silt Fence: Install silt fence along the contour (on a level horizontal plane) with the ends turned up (J-hooks) in order to help pond water behind the fence. Install the silt fence on the uphill side of the support posts. Provide a post spacing of 1.2 m (4 feet) or less. Drive posts at least 0.6 m (2 feet) into the ground. Anchor the silt fence fabric in a trench at least 152 mm (6 inches) deep and 152 mm (6 inches) wide dug on the upslope side of the support posts. Lay the fabric in the trench and then backfill and compact with a vibratory plate compactor. Make any splices in the fabric at a fence post. Silt fence supporting posts shall be 51 mm (2 inch) square or larger hardwood, pine, or standard T- or U- section steel posts. T- or U-section steel post shall not weigh less than 1.8602 kg per meter (1.25 lb per lineal foot). Posts shall have a minimum length of 1524 mm (5 feet). Posts shall have projections to facilitate fastening the fabric and prevent slippage. Geotextile fabric shall be uniform in texture and appearance and have no defects. flaws, or tears. The fabric shall contain sufficient ultraviolet (UV) ray inhibitory and stabilizers to provide a minimum two-year service life outdoors. Fabric color shall be international orange.
- 1. Maintain all temporary erosion and sediment control devices in place until the contributing drainage area has been stabilized (hard-surfaced areas paved and vegetation established in greenspace). Repair any rilling, gully formation, or washouts. After final establishment of erosion and sediment control devices and any accumulated sediments. Dispose- of offsite. Restore permanent sedimentation basins to their design condition immediately
- 12. If dewatering is required and sump pumps are used, all pumped water must be discharged through a sediment control device such as a dewatering bag or other appropriate facility prior to leaving the construction site. Proper energy dissipation must be provided at the outlet of the pump system.
- 1. Inspect the entire construction site at least once every 7 days during active construction and within 24 hours after a rainfall event greater than 0.5 inches in a 24-hour period. Following an inspection that occurs within 24 hours after a rainfall even, the next inspection must be conducted within 7 days after that rainfall event.
- 2. Inspect all erosion prevention and sediment control BMPs, infiltration areas, and stabilized areas.
- 3. Record all inspections and maintenance conducted during construction in writing and keep these records. The inspections and maintenance records must include date and time of inspections, date and amount of all rainfall events greater than 0.5 inches in a 24-hour period, name of persons(s) conducting inspections, findings of inspections, recommendations for corrective actions, and any corrective actions taken.
- I. Inspect all erosion prevention and sediment control BMPs in order to ensure integrity and effectiveness. Repair, replace, or supplement any nonfunctional BMPs with functional BMPs within 24 hours after discovery, or as soon as field conditions allow access unless another time frame is specified.
- 5. Remove accumulated sediment deposits from behind erosion and sediment control devices as needed. Do not allow sediment to accumulate to a

REVISION

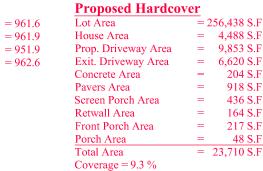
ROCK BERM ENTRANCE 1" - 2" WASHED ROCK



SILT FENCE



Area of Disturbance: 73,351 SF



- depth of more than one-third of the height of the erosion and sediment control devices. Repair, replace, or supplement deteriorated, damaged, rotted, or missing erosion control devices within 24 hours of discovery, or as soon as field conditions allow access.
- 6. Repair, replace, or supplement all silt fences when they become nonfunctional or the sediment reaches 1/3 of the height of the fence. These repairs must be made within 24 hours of discovery, or as soon as field conditions allow access.
- 7. Clean sedimentation basins, storm sewer catch basins, ditches, and other drainage facilities as required in order to maintain their effectiveness. Temporary and permanent sedimentation basins must be drained and the sediment removed when the depth of sediment collected in the basin reaches ½ of the storage volume. Drainage and removal must be completed within 72 hours, or as soon as field conditions allow access.
- 8. Inspect surface waters (including drainage ditches and conveyance systems) evidence of erosion and sediment deposition. Remove all deltas and sediment deposited. Stabilize areas where sediment removal results in exposed soil. Removal and stabilization must be completed within 7 days of discovery unless precluded by legal, regulatory, or physical access constraints. If precluded, removal and stabilization must take place with 7 days of
- 9. Inspect construction site vehicle exit locations for evidence of off-site sediment tracking onto paved surfaces. Remove all soils and sediments tracked or otherwise deposited onto adjacent property, pavement areas, sidewalks, streets, and alleys. Removal shall be on a daily basis throughout the Clean paved roadways by shoveling or wet-sweeping. Do not dry sweep. loosen compacted sediment material prior to sweeping. Haul sediment material to a suitable disposal area. Street washing is allowed only after sediment has been roved by shoveling or sweeping.
- 10. Perform any corrective measures ordered by the City or Watershed District within 24 hours of notification. Install any additional erosion protection or sediment control measures deemed necessary by the City or Watershed District within 24 hours of notification.

1. Storm Sewer Inlet Protection: The following are approved inlet sediment control devices:

- a. Road Drain Top Slab Model RD 23 (fits rough opening for a 2'x3' inlet), Road Drain Top Slab Model RD 27 (fits rough opening for a 27" inlet), or Road Drain Top Slab Model CG 3067 (fits Neenah Casting with 35-1/4" x17-3/4" dimensions) manufactured by WIMCO, 799 Theis Drive, Shakopee, MN 55379, Phone (952) 233-3055.
- b. Silt Sack: Regular flow (40 gal/min/sq. ft). Average width strength equal to 165.0 lbs/in, ASTM D-4884. Rectangular siltsack on rectangular inlets. Round siltsack on round inlets. Use ACF Environmental, Inc., 2831 Cardwell Road, Richmond, VA 23234, Phone (800) 448-3636, or approved equal.
- c. InfraSafe Sediment Control Barrier, Install geotextile sock on the outside of the barrier in order to trap additional fines. Standard frames are available to fit 24" to 30" diameter and 2'x3' openings. Distributed by ROYAL ENTERPRISES AMERICA, 30622 Forest Boulevard, Stacy, MN, 55073, Phone (651) 462-2130.
- 2. Topsoil: Topsoil used for finish grading areas to be turfed or planted shall meet the requirements of MNDOT Standard Specification 3877 for topsoil borrow modified to contain no more than 35% sand. Topsoil shall be reasonably free of subsoil, heavy clay, coarse sand, stones, and other objects over 51 mm (2 inches) in diameter; and without plants, roots, sticks, and other objectionable material.
- 3. Geotextile Fabric for Subgrade Stabilization (if required): MNDOT Standard Specification 3733 Type V permeable geotextile material.
- 4. Supporting Posts for Siltfence: 51 mm (2 inch) square or larger hardwood, pine, or standard T- or U-section steel posts. T- or U-section steel posts shall weigh not less than 1.8602 kg per meter (1.25 lb per lineal foot). Posts shall have a minimum length of 1524 mm (5 feet). Posts shall have projections to facilitate fastening the fabric and prevent slippage.
- 5. Siltfence Fabric: MNDOT Standard Specification 3886 self-supporting silt fence. Furnish in a continuous roll in order to avoid splices. Geotextile fabric shall be uniform in texture and appearance and have no defects, flaws, or tears. The fabric shall contain sufficient ultraviolet (UV) ray inhibitor and stabilizers to provide a minimum two-year service life outdoors. Fabric shall be international orange.
- 6. Aggregate for Temporary Rock Construction Entrance: 25 mm (1 inch) to 50 mm (2 inch) diameter rock, MDOT Standard Specification 3137 CA-1, CA-2, or CA-3 Coarse Aggregate, or equal.
- 7. Geotextile Fabric for Temporary Rock Construction Entrance: MNDOT Standard Specification 3733 Type V permeable geotextile fabric material.
- 8. Aggregate for Block and Rock Sediment Filter: 25 mm (1 inch) to 50 mm (2 inch) diameter rock, MNDOT Standard Specification 3137 CA-1, CA-2, or CA-3 Coarse Aggregate, or equal.
- 9. Block and Rock Inlet Filters: Block and Rock Inlet Filters consist of open-core concrete masonry blocks, wire screen with 12 mm (0.5 inch) openings, and washed rock. Place open-core concrete masonry blocks lengthwise on their sides around the catchbasin inlet. Place wire screen around the

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF perimeter to the top of the block barrier before the rock is placed. The screen acts to prevent the rocks from being washed through the blocks. Place

CA-2, CA-3, or equal Coarse Aggregate. Install two courses of 8" blocks in order to form a barrier height of 16".

10. Biodegradable Erosion Control Blankets: In accordance with MNDOT Standard Specification 3885. EG-2s NN, Ero-Guard-If winter conditions are not suitable for biodegradable erosion control blanket, silt fence shall be substituted with silt fence.

CENTERLINE OF MINNEWASH TA PARKWA

11. Erosion Control Matting: LandLok TRM 450 Turf Reinforcement Mat manufactured by Propex, Inc. (www.goeotextile.com), or approved equal soil erosion control matting

rock against the wire mesh to the top of the blocks. Use 25 mm (1 inch) to 50 mm (2 inch) diameter rock, MDOT Standard Specification 3137 CA-1,

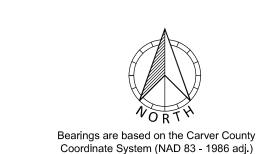
/N89°17'56"E 425.&4

REMOVE EXISTING DRIVEWAY AND

- 12. Staples: Staples used to anchor erosion control blankets shall be U-shaped, 3 mm diameter or heavier steel wire. The span width at the crown shall be a minimum of 25 mm (1 inch). Staples shall have a length of 250 mm (10 inches) or more from top to bottom after bending.
- 1. Delineate the location of areas not to be disturbed (e.g. with flags, stakes, signs, silt fence, etc.) on the development site before work begins.
- 2. Avoid removal of trees and surface vegetation wherever possible. Schedule construction in order to expose the smallest practical area of soil at any ruction phasing, vegetative buffer strips, horizontal slope grading, and other construction practices that
- 3. Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance, complete permanent or temporary stabilization against erosion due to rain, wind, and running water as soon as possible, but in no case later than 14 calendar days, on all disturbed or graded areas including stormwater management pond sideslopes. This requirement does not apply to those areas that are currently being used for material storage or for those areas on which grading, site building, or other construction activities are actively underway or will be underway at the discretion of the Contractor.
- 4. Provide temporary grass seed cover on all topsoil stockpiles and other areas of stockpiled excavated material in order to prevent soil erosion and rapid runoff during the construction period. Prolonged periods of open, bare earth without grass cover will not be permitted unless there are or will be construction activities at the discretion of the Contractor. Stabilize all disturbed greenspace areas with a minimum of 4" topsoil immediately after final subgrade completion. Seed and mulch, or sod and stake these areas within 48 hours after completion of final grading work (weather permitting)

5. Stabilize all disturbed areas to be payed using early application of grayel base.

- Pollution Prevention Measures: 1. Solid Waste: Dispose of collected sediment, asphalt and concrete millings, floating debris, paper, plastic, fabric, construction and demolition debris,
- and other wastes properly off-site in compliance with Minnesota Pollution Control Agency requirements.
- 2. Hazardous Materials: Properly store oil, gasoline, paint and any other hazardous substances in order to prevent spills, leaks or other discharge. Include secondary containment. Restrict access to storage areas in order to prevent vandalism. Storage and disposal of hazardous materials must be in compliance with MPCA regulations.
- 3. Other Materials: Dispose of unused building materials, garbage, trash, cleaning wastes, toxic materials, and wastewater properly off-site and in compliance with Minnesota Pollution Control Agency disposal requirements.
- 4. Furnish suitable trash containers and regularly remove the accumulate trash from the premises.
- 5. Do not allow solid waste, hazardous materials, and other materials shall to be carried by runoff into a receiving water or storm sewer system.
- 6. Limit external washing of trucks and other construction vehicles to a defined area of the site. Wash vehicles only on an area stabilized with stone that drains into an approved sediment trapping device. Contain runoff and properly dispose of waste. Engine degreasing is prohibited.
- 7. Concrete Washout Operations: Contain all liquid and solid wastes generated by concrete washout operations in a leak-proof containment facility or impermeable liner. Do not allow the liquid and solid wastes to contact the ground. Prevent runoff from the concrete washout operations or areas. Dispose of liquid and solid wastes properly in compliance with Minnesota Pollution Control Agency regulations. Install a sign adjacent to each washout facility in order to inform concrete equipment operators to utilize the proper facilities.
- 8. Sanitary and Septic Waste: Furnish and install detached portable toilet facilities at the construction site. The portable toilets shall be conveniently located for the use of all workers on the project. Maintain the facilities in a clean, dry, sanitary condition in accordance with Minnesota Department of





SURVEY LEGEND

CAST IRON MONUMENT O IRON PIPE MONUMENT SET IRON PIPE MONUMENT FOUND X DRILL HOLE FOUND X CHISELED "X" MONUMENT SET X CHISELED "X" MONUMENT FOUND (S ♯ REBAR MONUMENT FOUND △ PK NAIL MONUMENT SET A PK NAIL MONUMENT FOUND PK NAIL W/ ALUMINUM DISC SURVEY CONTROL POINT A /C UNIT C CABLE TV PEDESTAL E ELECTRIC TRANSFORMER © ELECTRIC MANHOLE © ELECTRIC METER **5** ELECTRIC OUTLET TYARD LIGHT

☐ LIGHT POLE FIBER OPTIC MANHOLE ☐ FIRE DEPT. HOOK UP > FLAG POLE FUEL PUMP FUEL TANK PROPANE TANK G GAS METER ₩ GAS VALVE

GAS MANHOLE GENERATOR GUARD POST HAND HOLE MAIL BOX

LIFT STATION SANITARY MANHOLE SANITARY CLEANOUT STORM MANHOLE STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN FLARED END SECTION * TREE CONIFEROUS TREE DECIDUOUS TELEPHONE MANHOLE TELEPHONE PEDESTAL UTILITY MANHOLE U UTILITY PEDESTAL UTILITY VAULT WATERMAIN MANHOLE WATER METER WELL WELL

PIEZOMETER

POWER POLE

GUY WIRE

ROOF DRAIN

■ WATER SPIGOT MONITORING WELL ① CURB STOP THYDRANT IRRIGATION VALVE PIV POST INDICATOR VALVE → SIGN SB SOIL BORING

WOE WALKOUT ELEVATION FFF FIRST FLOOR FLEVATION GFE GARAGE FLOOR ELEVATION TOF TOP OF FOUNDATION ELEV. LOE LOWEST OPENING ELEV. 444 BITUMINOUS

----- CTV----- CABLE TV CONCRETE CURB / 960 _ / CONTOUR EXISTING ©60 CONTOUR PROPOSED * TREE CONIFEROUS REMOVED ---- DT ---- DRAIN TILE TREE DECIDUOUS REMOVED —— ELC—— ELECTRIC UNDERGROUND ——x——x— FENCE ----- FO ----- FIBER OPTIC UNDERGROUND ----- GAS UNDERGROUND ----- OHU----- OVERHEAD UTILITY TREE LINE -----> ----- SANITARY SEWER ---->> STORM SEWER TELEPHONE UNDERGROUND

RETAINING WALL ---- I ---- WATERMAIN TRAFFIC SIGNAL \circ

----- UTILITY UNDERGROUND +++++++ RAILROAD TRACKS RAILROAD SIGNAL RAILROAD SWITCH

SATELLITE DISH WETLAND BUFFER SIGN SILT FENCE

CERTIFICATE OF SURVEY PREPARED FOR:

FILE NO. 8790-033

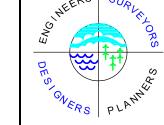
DM.AK DRAWN DLS

DATE

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I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN OR SPECIFICATION WAS PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY DIRECT SUPERVISION AND THAT I AM A DULY REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA.

Charles A. Wiemerslage, P.E. Date: 02/03/25



SATHRE-BERGQUIST, INC.

14000 25TH AVENUE NORTH, SUITE 120 PLYMOUTH MN 55447 (952) 476-6000 WWW SATHRE COM

CHANHASSEN MINNESOTA

TWP. 116-RGE.23-SEC.08

Carver County

L. CRAEMER

Appendix B

SEED MIX

MnDOT Standard Native Seed Mixture Designations

35-241 Mesic Prairie General

35-241	Mesic Prairie General				
Common Name	Scientific Name	Rate (kg/ha)	Rate (lb/ac)	% of Mix (% by wt)	Seeds/ sq ft
big bluestem	Andropogon gerardii		2.00	5.48%	7.35
side-oats grama Bouteloua curtipendula		1.79	1.60	4.39%	3.53
kalm's brome	Bromus kalmii	0.56	0.50	1.37%	1.47
nodding wild rye	Elymus canadensis	1.31	1.17	3.20%	2.23
slender wheatgrass	Elymus trachycaulus	1.12	1.00	2.73%	2.53
switchgrass	Panicum virgatum	0.07	0.06	0.17%	0.32
little bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	1.79	1.60	4.39%	8.82
Indian grass	Sorghastrum nutans	2.24	2.00	5.48%	8.82
prairie dropseed	Sporobolus heterolepis	0.08	0.07	0.18%	0.39
	Total Grasses	11.21	10.00	27.39%	35.46
blue giant hyssop	Agastache foeniculum	0.07	0.06	0.15%	1.82
lead plant	Amorpha canescens	0.07	0.06	0.15%	0.25
common milkweed	Asclepias syriaca	0.04	0.04	0.10%	0.06
butterfly milkweed	Asclepias tuberosa	0.04	0.04	0.10%	0.06
Canada milk vetch	Astragalus canadensis	0.07	0.06	0.17%	0.39
white prairie clover	Dalea candida	0.07	0.06	0.17%	0.44
purple prairie clover	Dalea purpurea	0.21	0.19	0.51%	1.03
Canada tick trefoil	Desmodium canadense	0.07	0.06	0.18%	0.13
stiff sunflower	Helianthus pauciflorus	0.07	0.06	0.17%	0.09
ox-eye Heliopsis helianthoides		0.15	0.13	0.34%	0.29
rough blazing star	Liatris aspera	0.03	0.03	0.08%	0.18
great blazing star	Liatris pycnostachya	0.03	0.03	0.09%	0.13
wild bergamot	Monarda fistulosa	0.07	0.06	0.17%	1.61
stiff goldenrod	Oligoneuron rigidum	0.07	0.06	0.17%	0.94
black-eyed susan	Rudbeckia hirta	0.35	0.31	0.86%	10.56
heath aster	Symphyotrichum ericoides	0.03	0.03	0.09%	2.30
smooth aster	Symphyotrichum laeve	0.07	0.06	0.17%	1.26
blue vervain	Verbena hastata	0.04	0.04	0.12%	1.50
hoary vervain	Verbena stricta	0.07	0.06	0.17%	0.64
golden alexanders	Zizia aurea	0.07	0.06	0.15%	0.23
	Total Forbs	1.68	1.50	4.11%	23.89
Oats	Avena sativa		25.00	68.50%	11.14
	Total Cover Crop	28.02	25.00	68.50%	11.14
	Totals:	40.91	36.50	100.00%	70.49
Purpose:	General mesic prairie mix for native roadsides, ecological restoration, or conservation program plantings.				
Planting Area:Tallgrass Aspen Parklands, Prairie Parkland, and Eastern Broadleaf Forest Provinces. Mn/DOT Districts 2(west), 3B, 4, Metro, 6, 7 & 8.			Forest		

Individual Plugs (typically 30-50 per tray):

Big Bluestem: One Tray
Blazing Star: One Tray
Wild Bergamot: One Tray
Stiff Golden Rod: One Tray

Appendix C

DECLARATION AND MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT TEMPLATES

DECLARATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. The highlighted text in the declaration template is guidance information. The highlight text either:
 - a. provides instructions or guidance on how to complete the declaration [TEXT IN ALL CAPITAL LETTERS AND BRACKETS] or
 - b. describes the information to be inserted into the blank immediately prior (*italicized and in parentheses*)
- 2. All highlighted text should be removed once the declaration is correctly completed.
- 3. All property owners must execute the declaration and their signatures must be notarized. Notary services are available at the MCWD office at most times. Call to confirm notary will be available before coming to the office.
- 4. The Consent & Subordination form must be completed by any party other than fee title owner holding an ownership interest in the property. (Most common is a bank holding a mortgage.) In cases where there are no additional interests, the consent and subordination section of the document may be deleted.
- 5. The following attachments are required:
 - a. A site plan showing the location of the features regulated by the Declaration (e.g. Attachment A)
 - b. Additional attachments can be used as needed, such as for lengthy legal descriptions.
- 6. Create two original documents.

The template and guidance information are provided solely as a convenience for permittees. <u>Each</u> permittee should consult his or her own legal counsel with specific questions and prior to executing any document that may affect legal rights.

Please return a final draft to the MCWD (hard copy or via e-mail) for review & approval before recording.

Following approval, the applicant is responsible for recording any required documents with the county. When you take the document for recording, please ensure you take <u>TWO</u> original copies. One copy will receive a barcode stamp and be handed back to you; this is your proof of recording. Proof of recording must be submitted to MCWD via fax, email, mail or in person before the permit can be issued.

HENNEPIN	CARVER
County Recorder/Registrar of Titles	Property Records
Hennepin County Government Center, A-500	Government Center, Administration Building
300 South Sixth Street	600 East 4 th Street
Minneapolis, MN 55487	Chaska, MN 55318
612-348-5139	952-361-1930

MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT [List Applicable Rules] Between the Minnehaha Creek Watershed District and the City of [NAME OF CITY]

This Maintenance Agreement (Agreement) is made by and between the Minnehaha Creek Watershed District, a watershed district with purposes and powers set forth at Minnesota Statutes chapters 103B and 103D (MCWD), and the City of [NAME OF CITY], a Minnesota municipal corporation and political subdivision of the State of Minnesota (CITY).

Recitals and Statement of Purpose [Delete those not applicable]

WHEREAS pursuant to Minnesota Statutes § 103D.345, the MCWD has adopted and implements the Stormwater Management Rule, Wetland Protection Rule and the Waterbody Crossings & Structures Rule;

WHEREAS under the Stormwater Management Rule, certain land development activity triggers the requirement that the landowner record a declaration establishing the landowner's perpetual obligation to inspect and maintain stormwater-management facilities;

WHEREAS, under the Waterbody Crossings & Structures Rule, certain land development activity requires the landowner to record a declaration establishing the landowner's perpetual obligation to inspect and maintain waterbody crossings and structures to ensure that the hydraulic and navigational capacity of the associated waterbody are maintained in accordance with approved plans;

WHEREAS under the Wetland Protection Rule, certain land development activity triggers the requirement that the landowner record a declaration establishing the landowner's perpetual obligation to protect undisturbed buffer adjacent to wetland;

WHEREAS in each case, a public landowner, as an alternative to a recorded instrument, may meet the maintenance requirement by documenting its obligations in an unrecorded written agreement with the MCWD;

WHEREAS in accordance with the MCWD rules and as a condition of Permit ______, the City's obligation to maintain wetland buffer, waterbody crossings, and stormwater facilities[INAPPLICABLE TEXT SHOULD BE DELETED] must be memorialized by a recorded maintenance declaration or, alternatively, a maintenance agreement establishing the City's perpetual maintenance obligation;

WHEREAS CITY and the MCWD execute this Agreement to fulfill the condition of Permit, and concur that it is binding and rests on mutual valuable consideration;

THEREFORE CITY and MCWD agree as follows:

1. CITY, at its cost, will inspect and maintain the wetland buffer, waterbody crossings, and stormwater facilities [INAPPLICABLE TEXT SHOULD BE DELETED] as shown in the site plan attached to and incorporated into this Agreement as Exhibit A in perpetuity as follows:

[DELETE INAPPLICABLE SECTIONS BELOW]

A. WETLAND BUFFER AREAS

- i. Buffer vegetation will not be cultivated, cropped, pastured, mowed, fertilized, subject to the placement of mulch or yard waste, or otherwise disturbed, except for periodic cutting or burning that promotes the health of the buffer, actions to address disease or invasive species, mowing for purposes of public safety, temporary disturbance for placement or repair of buried utilities, or other actions to maintain or improve buffer quality. Pesticides and herbicides may be used in accordance with Minnesota Department of Agriculture rules and guidelines. No new structure or hard surface will be placed within a buffer, except that construction of a trail or path of no more than 4 feet in width to provide riparian access through the buffer is acceptable. No fill, debris or other material will be excavated from or placed within a buffer.
- ii. Permanent wetland buffer markers will be maintained in the locations shown on the approved site plan. Language shall indicate the purpose of the buffer, restrictions, and the name and phone number of the Minnehaha Creek Watershed District.

B. WATERBODY CROSSINGS & STRUCTURES

Crossings and structures in contact with the bed or bank of a waterbody will be inspected at least once a year and maintained in good repair in perpetuity to ensure continuing adequate hydraulic and navigational capacity is retained in accordance with approved plans, to ensure no net increase in the flood stage beyond that achieved by the approved plans, to prevent adverse effects on water quality, changes to the existing flowline/gradient and increased scour, erosion or sedimentation, and to minimize the potential for obstruction of the waterbody.

2. STORMWATER FACILITIES

[DELETE INAPPLICABLE SUBSECTIONS BELOW]

- i. Stormwater retention and treatment basin(s). Stormwater retention and treatment basin(s) must be inspected at least once a year to determine if the basin's retention and treatment characteristics are adequate and continue to perform per design. Culverts and outfall structures must be inspected at least annually and kept clear of any obstructions or sediment accumulation. Sediment accumulation must be measured by a method accurate to within one vertical foot. A storage treatment basin will be considered inadequate if sediment has decreased the wet storage volume by 50 percent of its original design volume. Based on this inspection, if the stormwater basin(s) is identified for sediment cleanout, the basin(s) will be restored to its original design contours and vegetation in disturbed areas restored within one year of the inspection date.
- ii. **Raingardens, infiltration basins and filtration basins**. Raingardens, infiltration basins and filtration basins will be inspected annually to ensure continued live storage capacity

- at or above the design volume. Invasive vegetation, excess sediment and debris will be removed as needed and healthy plant growth will be maintained to ensure that the facilities continue to perform per design.
- iii. **Iron-enhanced sand filters.** Iron-enhanced sand media must be inspected every three years to determine if the iron's binding capacity has been reached. The phosphorus binding capacity of the iron-sand bed is exhausted and must be replaced to the original specifications when the total-phosphorus-to-total-iron ratio exceeds 5 milligrams of phosphorus per 1 gram of elemental iron or when the total phosphorus at the outlet of the iron-sand filter consistently exceeds 60 to 70 micrograms per liter.
- iv. **Vegetated swales.** Vegetated swales may mowed for public safety, but otherwise must remain free from vegetative disturbance, fertilizer application, yard or other waste disposal, the placement of structures unless approved within the permit, or any other alteration that impedes function.
- v. **Pervious pavement and permeable pavers**. Pervious pavement or pavers will be inspected at least one per year after a major storm event and otherwise annually to ensure continuing performance per design. Surface openings will be vacuumed at least annually at the end of winter in dry weather to remove dry, encrusted sediment as necessary. Broken units that impair the structural integrity of the surface will be replaced. If water stands for an extended period of time, the base materials will be removed and replaced.
- vi. **Underground storage facilities.** Underground storage facilities will be inspected at least annually to ensure continuing performance per design. Capacity will be considered inadequate if sediment has decreased the storage volume by 50 percent of the original design volume. Accumulated debris and sediment will be removed, and inlet and outlet structures will be kept clear of any flow impediments.
- vii. **Grit chambers, sump catch basins and sump manholes.** Grit chambers, sump catch basins and sump manholes will be inspected in the spring, summer and fall of each year. All sediment and debris will be removed as needed such that the stormwater facilities operate as designed and permitted.
- viii. **Reuse systems**. Runoff-management systems relying on capture and reuse of stormwater (e.g., for irrigation) must be operated and maintained in accordance with terms of permit approval and the manufacturer's or installer's specifications for any proprietary equipment.
- ix. **Proprietary stormwater facilities.** Proprietary stormwater facilities will be inspected at least annually and maintained as specified or recommended by the manufacturer and/or installer as described in Attachment X [FOR DECLARATIONS--ATTACH MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS FROM MANUFACTURER AS ATTACHMENT X. FOR AGREEMENTS, DELETE UNDERLINED SECTION AND SAVE SPECIFIC MAINTNENACE LANGUAGE PROVIDED BY APPLICANT IN PERMIT FILE].
- x. **Reporting.** The Declarant will submit to the MCWD annually a brief written report that describes stormwater facility maintenance activities performed under this declaration, including dates, locations of inspections and the maintenance activities performed.

- 2. If CITY conveys into private ownership a fee interest in the property that is the subject of this Agreement, it shall require as a condition of sale, and enforce: (a) that the purchaser record a declaration on the property incorporating the maintenance requirements of this Agreement; and (b) that recordation occur either before any other encumbrance is recorded on the property or, if after, only as accompanied by a subordination and consent executed by the encumbrance holder ensuring that the declaration will run with the land in perpetuity. If CITY conveys into public ownership a fee interest in any property that has become subject to this Agreement, it shall require as a condition of the purchase and sale agreement that the purchaser accept an assignment of all obligations vested under this Agreement.
- 3. This Agreement may be amended only in a writing signed by the parties.
- 4. The recitals are incorporated as a part of this Agreement.

(SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS)

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Agreement.

MINNEHAHA CREEK WATERSHED DISTRICT

By	Date:
Administrator	
CITY OF [Name of City]	
By:	Date:
Its Mayor	
By:	Date:
Its Administrator	

[MAINTAIN 4" MARGIN]

DECLARATION

THIS DECLARATION (Declaration) is made this _____ day of ______, 201_, by and INSERT NAME OF PERMITTEE], a(n) [INSERT DESCRIPTION OF PERMITTEE (e.g. "a Minnesota limited liability company" or "individual"] (Declarant) in favor of the Minnehaha Creek Watershed District (MCWD), a special purpose local unit of government with purposes and powers pursuant to Minnesota Statutes Chapters 103B and 103D.

RECITALS

WHEREAS Declarant owns real property within the City of [NAME OF CITY], [CARVER/HENNEPIN] County, Minnesota, platted and legally described as:

[INSERT LEGAL DESCRIPTION]

(the Property) and no one other than Declarant, [NAME HERE] ANY PARTY OTHER THAN DECLARANT (FEE TITLE OWNER) HOLDING AN OWNERSHIP INTEREST IN THE PROPERTY AND ATTACH A COMPLETED CONSENT AND SUBORDINATION FROM EACH], has any right, title or interest in the Property; and

WHEREAS, the Property constitutes the entirety of the land to which MCWD Permit # applies; and

WHEREAS, the Declarant desires to subject the Property to certain conditions and restrictions imposed by the MCWD as a condition to issuance of Permit #_____ for the mutual benefit of the MCWD and the owners of the Property.

NOW, THEREFORE, Declarant makes this Declaration and hereby declares that this Declaration shall constitute covenants to run with the Property in perpetuity, and further declares that the Property shall be owned, used, occupied and conveyed subject to the covenants, restrictions, easements, charges and liens set forth in this Declaration, all of which shall be binding on all persons owning or acquiring any right, title or interest in the Property, and their heirs, successors, personal representatives and assigns. All features requiring maintenance identified on the scaled site plan for the Property attached hereto and incorporated herein as Attachment A will be maintained in perpetuity in accordance with as follows:

[DELETE INAPPLICABLE SECTIONS BELOW]

1. WETLAND BUFFER AREAS

- a. Buffer vegetation will not be cultivated, cropped, pastured, mowed, fertilized, subject to the placement of mulch or yard waste, or otherwise disturbed, except for periodic cutting or burning that promotes the health of the buffer, actions to address disease or invasive species, mowing for purposes of public safety, temporary disturbance for placement or repair of buried utilities, or other actions to maintain or improve buffer quality, each as approved by MCWD staff in writing. Pesticides and herbicides may be used in accordance with Minnesota Department of Agriculture rules and guidelines. No new structure or hard surface will be placed within a buffer, except that construction of a trail or path of no more than 4 feet in width to provide riparian access through the buffer is acceptable. No fill, debris or other material will be excavated from or placed within a buffer.
- b. Permanent wetland buffer monuments will be maintained in the locations shown on the approved site plan. Language shall indicate the purpose of the buffer, restrictions, and the name and phone number of the Minnehaha Creek Watershed District.

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- c. **Iron-enhanced sand filters.** Iron-enhanced sand media must be inspected every three years to determine if the iron's binding capacity has been reached. The phosphorus binding capacity of the iron-sand bed is exhausted and must be replaced to the original specifications when the total-phosphorus-to-total-iron ratio exceeds 5 milligrams of phosphorus per 1 gram of elemental iron or when the total phosphorus at the outlet of the iron-sand filter consistently exceeds 60 to 70 micrograms per liter.
- d. **Vegetated swales.** Vegetated swales may mowed for public safety, but otherwise must remain free from vegetative disturbance, fertilizer application, yard or other waste disposal, the placement of structures unless approved within the permit, or any other alteration that impedes function.
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- h. **Reuse systems**. Runoff-management systems relying on capture and reuse of stormwater (e.g., for irrigation) must be operated and maintained in accordance with terms of permit approval and the manufacturer's or installer's specifications for any proprietary equipment.
- Proprietary stormwater facilities. Proprietary stormwater facilities will be inspected at least annually and maintained as specified or recommended by the manufacturer and/or installer as described in Attachment X [FOR DECLARATIONS--ATTACH MAINTENANCE SPECIFICATIONS FROM MANUFACTURER AS ATTACHMENT X. FOR AGREEMENTS, DELETE UNDERLINED SECTION AND SAVE SPECIFIC MAINTNENACE LANGUAGE PROVIDED BY APPLICANT IN PERMIT FILE].
- j. **Reporting.** The Declarant will submit to the MCWD annually a brief written report that describes stormwater facility maintenance activities performed under this declaration, including dates, locations of inspections and the maintenance activities performed.
- 1. **Violation.** Both the Declarant and a subsequent property owner are liable to the MCWD for performance under this Declaration, and the MCWD may seek any remedy in law or equity against the Declarant as long as the declarant owns the Property and thereafter against the property owner to enforce the Declaration.
- 2. **"Property owner"** as used in this Declaration means the owner of the property on which is located the facilities to which the obligations herein apply.
- 3. **Recitals.** The recitals set forth above are expressly incorporated herein.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed this instrument the day and year first set forth.

DECLARANT:

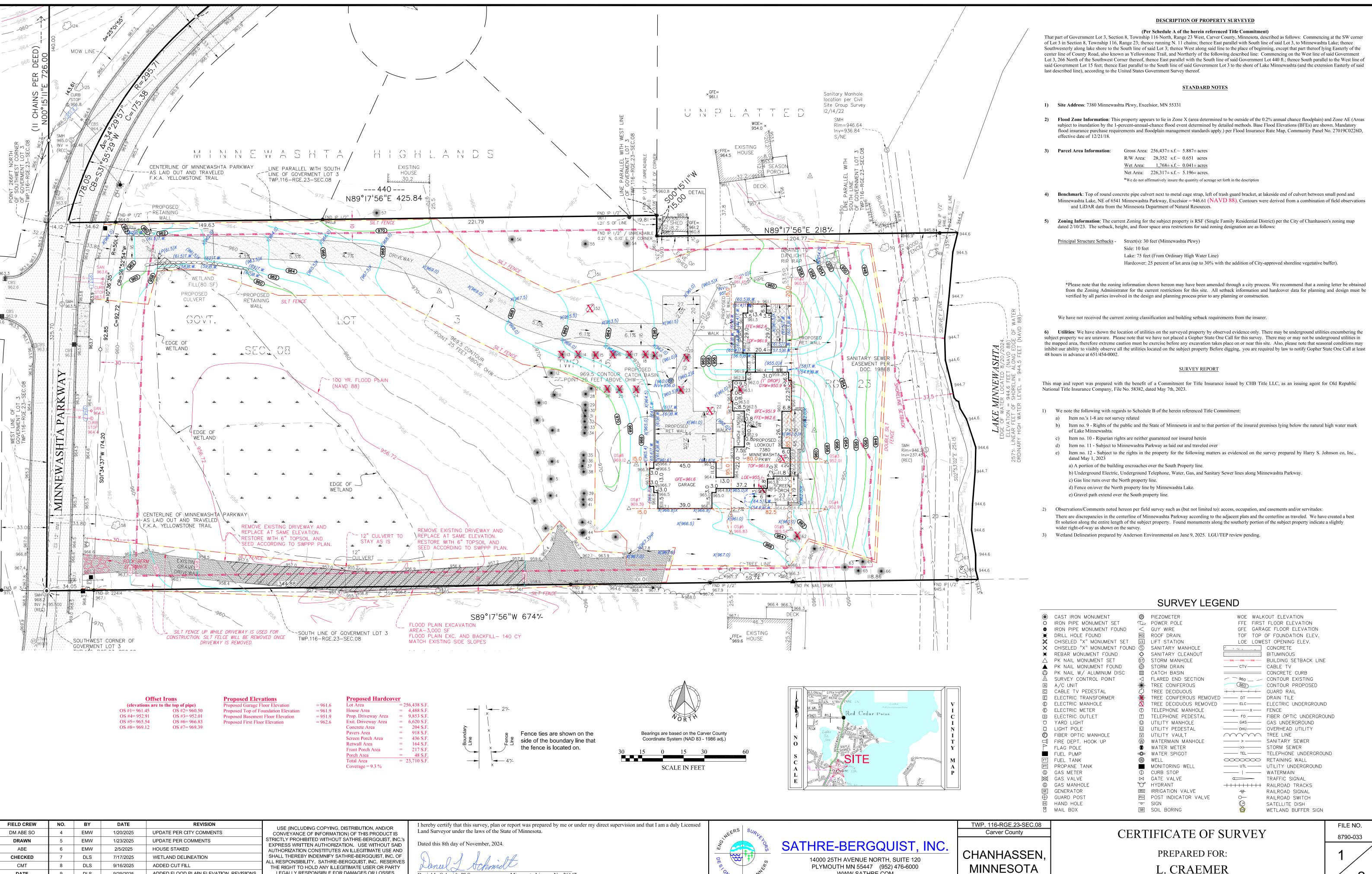
		(signature)
	By:	DUAL CAPACITY; N IN BLUE FOR PRESENTATIVE
State of County of	_	
This instrument was acknowled	edged before me on	<i>(date)</i> by
	name(s) of person(s)) as	(type of
HIGHLIGHTED IN BLUE FO CAPACITY; INCLUDE COM	, etc.) ofe instrument was executed). (DELETOR ACKNOWLEDGEMENT IN AMPLETED SECTION IN BLUE FOR A REPRESENTATIVE CAPACITY	N INDIVIDUAL R
(Signatur	re of notarial officer)	
(Stamp)		
Title (and	l Rank)	
My commission expires:		

This Instrument Was Drafted By:
[INSERT NAME AND ADDRESS OF WHOEVER FILLED OUT THE TEMPLATE]

CONSENT and NON-DISTURBANCE

Legal description of Subject Property: [insert] _____ County, Minnesota is the current holder and owner of a Mortgage, made and subscribed by and filed for record on [insert date], as Document No. , in the Office of the County Recorder, _____ County, Minnesota. hereby consents to the attached Declaration executed by to the Minnehaha Creek Watershed District, and joins in the execution hereof solely as lien holder and hereby agrees that in the event of the foreclosure of the Mortgage, or other sale of the Subject Property described in said Mortgage under judicial or non-judicial proceedings, the same shall be sold subject to said Declaration. Signed and executed this _____ day of _______, 20_____ [insert name and title] STATE OF COUNTY OF BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared , [insert title] of _____, known to me to be the person and officer whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument and who acknowledged to me that (s)he executed the same for the purposes and consideration therein expressed, in the capacity therein stated, as the act and deed of GIVEN UNDER MY HAND AND SEAL OF OFFICE THIS _____ day of ____ 20____. Notary Public

Attachment B: Floodplain Plan Set



WWW.SATHRE.COM

THE RIGHT TO HOLD ANY ILLEGITIMATE USER OR PARTY LEGALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGES OR LOSSES

RESULTING FROM ILLEGITIMATE USE.

Daniel L. Schmidt, PLS

schmidt@sathre.com

Minnesota License No. 26147

ADDED FLOOD PLAIN ELEVATION, REVISIONS

WATERSHED COMMENTS

DLS

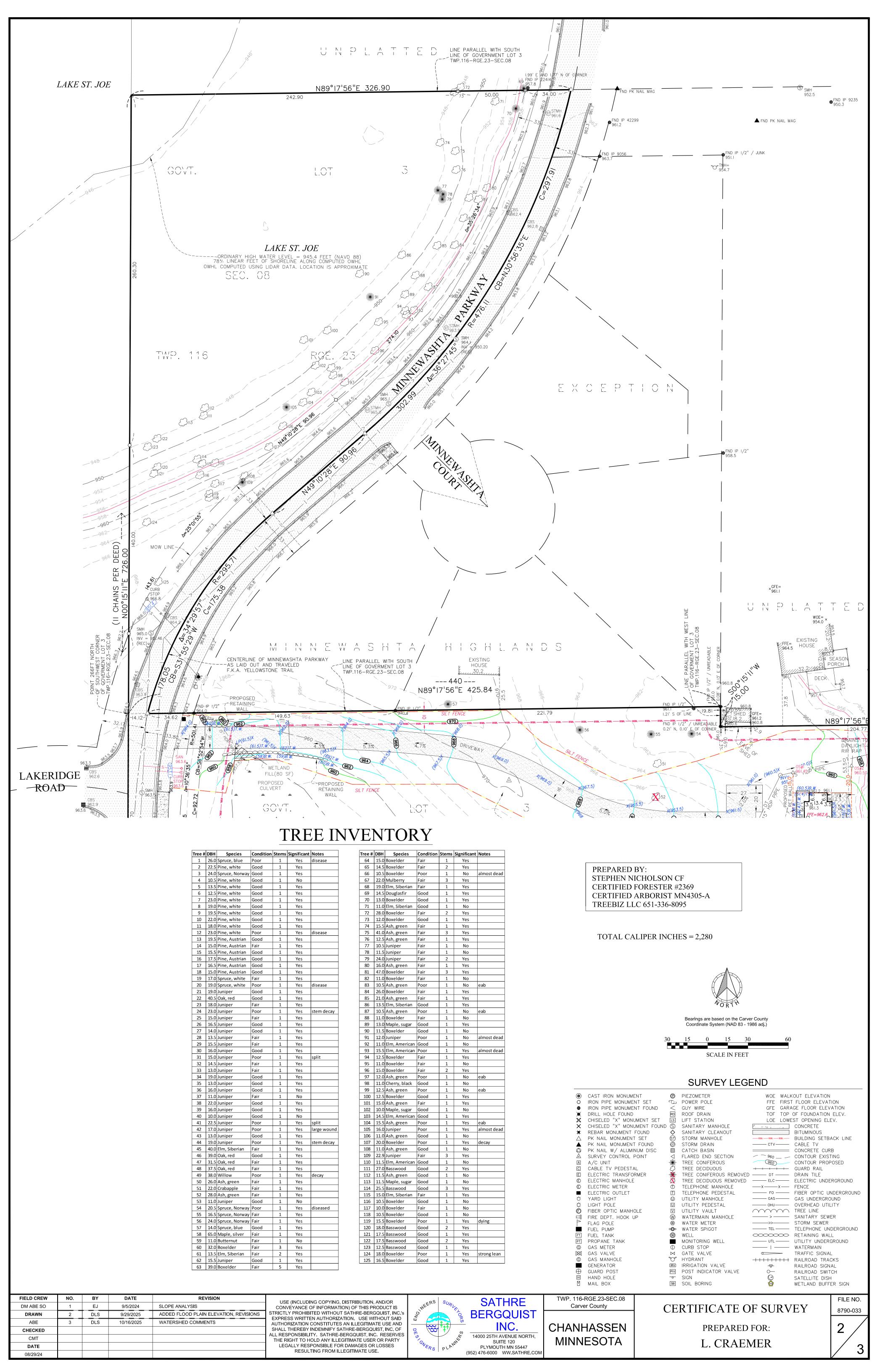
DLS

08/29/24

9/29/2025

10/16/2025

L. CRAEMER



Storm water, Sediment, and Erosion Control Contact:

Greg Jurvakainen L.Cramer Builders and Remodelers

O. 952-935-8482 C. 612-968-5886

Email: greg@lcramer.com

Construction Sequencing

- 1. Delineate the location of areas not to be disturbed before work begins.
- 2. Establish sediment control practices on all down gradient perimeters before any up gradient land disturbing activities begin. These practices shall remain in place until final stabilization has been established.
- 3. Install all perimeter sediment control devices and construction entrances. The timing of installation of sediment control practices may be adjusted in order to accommodate short-term activities, but sediment control practices must be installed before the next precipitation event even if the short-term activity is not complete.
- 4. Contact the City for approval of the sediment control devices.
- 5. Rough grade the site.
- 6. Install utilities.
- 7. Install pavements.
- 8. Install lawn and landscape.
- 9. Restore all disturbed areas.
- 10. Clean all storm sewer and conveyance
- 11. After all disturbed areas are stabilized,
- obtain approval from the City and/or Watershed District. 12. Remove all temporary sediment control devices.

Sediment Control Practices:

FIELD CREW

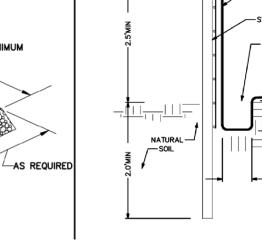
NO.

BY

- .. Implement sediment control practices in order to minimize sediment from entering surface waters, including curb and gutter systems and storm drain
- 2. Install all temporary or permanent sediment control measures including silt fence at perimeter of construction, bio-logs at driveway, sediment filters, silt sacks, and sedimentation basins prior to beginning site clearing, grading, or other land-disturbing activity. Protect all storm sewer inlets that receive runoff from disturbed areas
- 8. Establish sediment control practices on all down gradient perimeters before any up gradient land disturbing activities begin. These practices must remain in place until final stabilization has been established
- 4. The timing of the installation of sediment control practices may be adjusted in order to accommodate short-term activities, but sediment control practices must be installed before the next precipitation event even if the short-term activity is not complete.
- 5. If the down gradient treatment system becomes overloaded, install additional up gradient sediment control practices or redundant BMPs in order to 6. Before beginning construction, install a Temporary Rock Construction Entrance at each point where vehicles exit the construction site. Use 25 mm (1
- inch) to 50 mm (2 inch) diameter rock, MNDOT Standard Specification 3137 CA-1, CA-2, CA-3, or equal Coarse Aggregate. Place the aggregate in a layer at least 152 mmm (6 inches) thick across the entire width of the entrance. Extend the rock entrance at least 15 m (50 feet) into the construction zone. Use a MNDOT Standard Specification 3733 Type V permeable geotextile fabric material beneath the aggregate in order to prevent migration of soil into the rock from below. Maintain the entrance in a condition that will prevent tracking or flowing of sediment onto paved roadways. Provide periodic top dressing with addition stone as required. Close entrances not protected by temporary rock construction entrances to all construction
- 7. If necessary, clean the wheels of construction vehicles in order to remove soils before the vehicles leave the construction site. Wash vehicles only on an area stabilized with stone that drains into an approved sediment trapping device.
- 8. Remove all soils and sediments tracked or otherwise deposited onto adjacent property, pavement areas, sidewalks, streets, and alleys. Removal shall be on a daily basis throughout the duration of the construction. Clean paved roadways by shoveling, wet-sweeping, or dry sweeping. If necessary, scrape paved surfaces in order to loosen compacted sediment material prior to sweeping. Haul sediment material to a suitable disposal area. Street washing is allowed only after sediment has been removed by shoveling or sweeping.
- 3. Soil Stockpiles: Install silt fence or other effective sediment controls around all temporary soil stockpiles. Locate soil or dirt stockpiles such that the down slope drainage length is no less than 8 m (25 feet) from the toe of the pile to a surface water, including stormwater conveyances such as curb and gutter systems, or conduits and ditches unless there is a bypass in place for the stormwater. If remaining for more than 7 days, stabilize the stockpiles by mulching, vegetative cover, tarps, or other means. During street repair, cover construction soil or dirt stockpiles located closer than 8 m (25 feet) to a roadway or drainage channel with tarps, and protect storm sewer inlets with silt sacks or staked siltfence.
- 10. Silt Fence: Install silt fence along the contour (on a level horizontal plane) with the ends turned up (J-hooks) in order to help pond water behind the fence. Install the silt fence on the uphill side of the support posts. Provide a post spacing of 1.2 m (4 feet) or less. Drive posts at least 0.6 m (2 feet) into the ground. Anchor the silt fence fabric in a trench at least 152 mm (6 inches) deep and 152 mm (6 inches) wide dug on the upslope side of the support posts. Lay the fabric in the trench and then backfill and compact with a vibratory plate compactor. Make any splices in the fabric at a fence post. Silt fence supporting posts shall be 51 mm (2 inch) square or larger hardwood, pine, or standard T- or U- section steel posts. T- or U-section steel post shall not weigh less than 1.8602 kg per meter (1.25 lb per lineal foot). Posts shall have a minimum length of 1524 mm (5 feet). Posts shall have projections to facilitate fastening the fabric and prevent slippage. Geotextile fabric shall be uniform in texture and appearance and have no defects. flaws, or tears. The fabric shall contain sufficient ultraviolet (UV) ray inhibitory and stabilizers to provide a minimum two-year service life outdoors. Fabric color shall be international orange.
- 1. Maintain all temporary erosion and sediment control devices in place until the contributing drainage area has been stabilized (hard-surfaced areas paved and vegetation established in greenspace). Repair any rilling, gully formation, or washouts. After final establishment of erosion and sediment control devices and any accumulated sediments. Dispose- of offsite. Restore permanent sedimentation basins to their design condition immediately
- 12. If dewatering is required and sump pumps are used, all pumped water must be discharged through a sediment control device such as a dewatering bag or other appropriate facility prior to leaving the construction site. Proper energy dissipation must be provided at the outlet of the pump system.
- 1. Inspect the entire construction site at least once every 7 days during active construction and within 24 hours after a rainfall event greater than 0.5 inches in a 24-hour period. Following an inspection that occurs within 24 hours after a rainfall even, the next inspection must be conducted within 7 days after that rainfall event.
- 2. Inspect all erosion prevention and sediment control BMPs, infiltration areas, and stabilized areas.
- 3. Record all inspections and maintenance conducted during construction in writing and keep these records. The inspections and maintenance records must include date and time of inspections, date and amount of all rainfall events greater than 0.5 inches in a 24-hour period, name of persons(s) conducting inspections, findings of inspections, recommendations for corrective actions, and any corrective actions taken.
- I. Inspect all erosion prevention and sediment control BMPs in order to ensure integrity and effectiveness. Repair, replace, or supplement any nonfunctional BMPs with functional BMPs within 24 hours after discovery, or as soon as field conditions allow access unless another time frame is specified.
- 5. Remove accumulated sediment deposits from behind erosion and sediment control devices as needed. Do not allow sediment to accumulate to a

REVISION

ROCK BERM ENTRANCE 1" - 2" WASHED ROCK



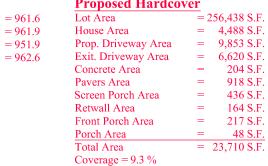
SILT FENCE

-WIRE MESH REINFORCING (OPTIONAL)

GEOTEXTILE FABRIC

Proposed Elevations oposed Garage Floor Elevation Proposed Top of Foundation Elevation Proposed Basement Floor Elevation Proposed First Floor Elevation

Area of Disturbance: 73,351 SF



- depth of more than one-third of the height of the erosion and sediment control devices. Repair, replace, or supplement deteriorated, damaged, rotted, or missing erosion control devices within 24 hours of discovery, or as soon as field conditions allow access.
- 6. Repair, replace, or supplement all silt fences when they become nonfunctional or the sediment reaches 1/3 of the height of the fence. These repairs must be made within 24 hours of discovery, or as soon as field conditions allow access.
- 7. Clean sedimentation basins, storm sewer catch basins, ditches, and other drainage facilities as required in order to maintain their effectiveness. Temporary and permanent sedimentation basins must be drained and the sediment removed when the depth of sediment collected in the basin reaches ½ of the storage volume. Drainage and removal must be completed within 72 hours, or as soon as field conditions allow access.
- 8. Inspect surface waters (including drainage ditches and conveyance systems) evidence of erosion and sediment deposition. Remove all deltas and sediment deposited. Stabilize areas where sediment removal results in exposed soil. Removal and stabilization must be completed within 7 days of discovery unless precluded by legal, regulatory, or physical access constraints. If precluded, removal and stabilization must take place with 7 days of
- 9. Inspect construction site vehicle exit locations for evidence of off-site sediment tracking onto paved surfaces. Remove all soils and sediments tracked or otherwise deposited onto adjacent property, pavement areas, sidewalks, streets, and alleys. Removal shall be on a daily basis throughout the Clean paved roadways by shoveling or wet-sweeping. Do not dry sweep. loosen compacted sediment material prior to sweeping. Haul sediment material to a suitable disposal area. Street washing is allowed only after sediment has been roved by shoveling or sweeping.
- 10. Perform any corrective measures ordered by the City or Watershed District within 24 hours of notification. Install any additional erosion protection or sediment control measures deemed necessary by the City or Watershed District within 24 hours of notification.

1. Storm Sewer Inlet Protection: The following are approved inlet sediment control devices:

- a. Road Drain Top Slab Model RD 23 (fits rough opening for a 2'x3' inlet), Road Drain Top Slab Model RD 27 (fits rough opening for a 27" inlet), or Road Drain Top Slab Model CG 3067 (fits Neenah Casting with 35-1/4" x17-3/4" dimensions) manufactured by WIMCO, 799 Theis Drive, Shakopee, MN 55379, Phone (952) 233-3055.
- b. Silt Sack: Regular flow (40 gal/min/sq. ft). Average width strength equal to 165.0 lbs/in, ASTM D-4884. Rectangular siltsack on rectangular inlets. Round siltsack on round inlets. Use ACF Environmental, Inc., 2831 Cardwell Road, Richmond, VA 23234, Phone (800) 448-3636, or approved equal.
- c. InfraSafe Sediment Control Barrier, Install geotextile sock on the outside of the barrier in order to trap additional fines. Standard frames are available to fit 24" to 30" diameter and 2'x3' openings. Distributed by ROYAL ENTERPRISES AMERICA, 30622 Forest Boulevard, Stacy, MN, 55073, Phone (651) 462-2130.
- 2. Topsoil: Topsoil used for finish grading areas to be turfed or planted shall meet the requirements of MNDOT Standard Specification 3877 for topsoil borrow modified to contain no more than 35% sand. Topsoil shall be reasonably free of subsoil, heavy clay, coarse sand, stones, and other objects over 51 mm (2 inches) in diameter; and without plants, roots, sticks, and other objectionable material.
- 3. Geotextile Fabric for Subgrade Stabilization (if required): MNDOT Standard Specification 3733 Type V permeable geotextile material.
- 4. Supporting Posts for Siltfence: 51 mm (2 inch) square or larger hardwood, pine, or standard T- or U-section steel posts. T- or U-section steel posts shall weigh not less than 1.8602 kg per meter (1.25 lb per lineal foot). Posts shall have a minimum length of 1524 mm (5 feet). Posts shall have projections to facilitate fastening the fabric and prevent slippage.
- 5. Siltfence Fabric: MNDOT Standard Specification 3886 self-supporting silt fence. Furnish in a continuous roll in order to avoid splices. Geotextile fabric shall be uniform in texture and appearance and have no defects, flaws, or tears. The fabric shall contain sufficient ultraviolet (UV) ray inhibitor and stabilizers to provide a minimum two-year service life outdoors. Fabric shall be international orange.
- 6. Aggregate for Temporary Rock Construction Entrance: 25 mm (1 inch) to 50 mm (2 inch) diameter rock, MDOT Standard Specification 3137 CA-1, CA-2, or CA-3 Coarse Aggregate, or equal.
- 7. Geotextile Fabric for Temporary Rock Construction Entrance: MNDOT Standard Specification 3733 Type V permeable geotextile fabric material.
- 8. Aggregate for Block and Rock Sediment Filter: 25 mm (1 inch) to 50 mm (2 inch) diameter rock, MNDOT Standard Specification 3137 CA-1, CA-2, or CA-3 Coarse Aggregate, or equal.
- 9. Block and Rock Inlet Filters: Block and Rock Inlet Filters consist of open-core concrete masonry blocks, wire screen with 12 mm (0.5 inch) openings, and washed rock. Place open-core concrete masonry blocks lengthwise on their sides around the catchbasin inlet. Place wire screen around the

SOUTHWEST CORNER OF perimeter to the top of the block barrier before the rock is placed. The screen acts to prevent the rocks from being washed through the blocks. Place

CA-2, CA-3, or equal Coarse Aggregate. Install two courses of 8" blocks in order to form a barrier height of 16".

10. Biodegradable Erosion Control Blankets: In accordance with MNDOT Standard Specification 3885. EG-2s NN, Ero-Guard-If winter conditions are not suitable for biodegradable erosion control blanket, silt fence shall be substituted with silt fence.

CENTERLINE OF MINNEWASH TA PARKWA

11. Erosion Control Matting: LandLok TRM 450 Turf Reinforcement Mat manufactured by Propex, Inc. (www.goeotextile.com), or approved equal soil erosion control matting

rock against the wire mesh to the top of the blocks. Use 25 mm (1 inch) to 50 mm (2 inch) diameter rock, MDOT Standard Specification 3137 CA-1,

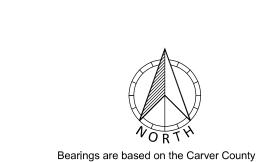
/N89°17'56"E 425.&4

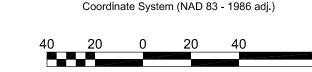
REMOVE EXISTING DRIVEWAY AND

- 12. Staples: Staples used to anchor erosion control blankets shall be U-shaped, 3 mm diameter or heavier steel wire. The span width at the crown shall be a minimum of 25 mm (1 inch). Staples shall have a length of 250 mm (10 inches) or more from top to bottom after bending.
- 1. Delineate the location of areas not to be disturbed (e.g. with flags, stakes, signs, silt fence, etc.) on the development site before work begins.
- 2. Avoid removal of trees and surface vegetation wherever possible. Schedule construction in order to expose the smallest practical area of soil at any ruction phasing, vegetative buffer strips, horizontal slope grading, and other construction practices that
- 3. Following initial soil disturbance or redisturbance, complete permanent or temporary stabilization against erosion due to rain, wind, and running water as soon as possible, but in no case later than 14 calendar days, on all disturbed or graded areas including stormwater management pond sideslopes. This requirement does not apply to those areas that are currently being used for material storage or for those areas on which grading, site building, or other construction activities are actively underway or will be underway at the discretion of the Contractor.
- 4. Provide temporary grass seed cover on all topsoil stockpiles and other areas of stockpiled excavated material in order to prevent soil erosion and rapid runoff during the construction period. Prolonged periods of open, bare earth without grass cover will not be permitted unless there are or will be construction activities at the discretion of the Contractor. Stabilize all disturbed greenspace areas with a minimum of 4" topsoil immediately after final subgrade completion. Seed and mulch, or sod and stake these areas within 48 hours after completion of final grading work (weather permitting)

5. Stabilize all disturbed areas to be payed using early application of grayel base.

- Pollution Prevention Measures: 1. Solid Waste: Dispose of collected sediment, asphalt and concrete millings, floating debris, paper, plastic, fabric, construction and demolition debris,
- and other wastes properly off-site in compliance with Minnesota Pollution Control Agency requirements.
- 2. Hazardous Materials: Properly store oil, gasoline, paint and any other hazardous substances in order to prevent spills, leaks or other discharge. Include secondary containment. Restrict access to storage areas in order to prevent vandalism. Storage and disposal of hazardous materials must be in compliance with MPCA regulations.
- 3. Other Materials: Dispose of unused building materials, garbage, trash, cleaning wastes, toxic materials, and wastewater properly off-site and in compliance with Minnesota Pollution Control Agency disposal requirements.
- 4. Furnish suitable trash containers and regularly remove the accumulate trash from the premises.
- 5. Do not allow solid waste, hazardous materials, and other materials shall to be carried by runoff into a receiving water or storm sewer system.
- 6. Limit external washing of trucks and other construction vehicles to a defined area of the site. Wash vehicles only on an area stabilized with stone that drains into an approved sediment trapping device. Contain runoff and properly dispose of waste. Engine degreasing is prohibited.
- 7. Concrete Washout Operations: Contain all liquid and solid wastes generated by concrete washout operations in a leak-proof containment facility or impermeable liner. Do not allow the liquid and solid wastes to contact the ground. Prevent runoff from the concrete washout operations or areas. Dispose of liquid and solid wastes properly in compliance with Minnesota Pollution Control Agency regulations. Install a sign adjacent to each washout facility in order to inform concrete equipment operators to utilize the proper facilities.
- 8. Sanitary and Septic Waste: Furnish and install detached portable toilet facilities at the construction site. The portable toilets shall be conveniently located for the use of all workers on the project. Maintain the facilities in a clean, dry, sanitary condition in accordance with Minnesota Department of





SCALE IN FEET



CAST IRON MONUMENT O IRON PIPE MONUMENT SET IRON PIPE MONUMENT FOUND X DRILL HOLE FOUND X CHISELED "X" MONUMENT SET X CHISELED "X" MONUMENT FOUND (S ♯ REBAR MONUMENT FOUND △ PK NAIL MONUMENT SET A PK NAIL MONUMENT FOUND PK NAIL W/ ALUMINUM DISC SURVEY CONTROL POINT A /C UNIT C CABLE TV PEDESTAL E ELECTRIC TRANSFORMER © ELECTRIC MANHOLE © ELECTRIC METER

5 ELECTRIC OUTLET TYARD LIGHT ☐ LIGHT POLE FIBER OPTIC MANHOLE ☐ FIRE DEPT. HOOK UP > FLAG POLE FUEL TANK PROPANE TANK G GAS METER GAS MANHOLE

FUEL PUMP ₩ GAS VALVE GENERATOR GUARD POST HAND HOLE MAIL BOX

LIFT STATION SANITARY MANHOLE SANITARY CLEANOUT STORM MANHOLE STORM DRAIN CATCH BASIN FLARED END SECTION * TREE CONIFEROUS TREE DECIDUOUS TELEPHONE MANHOLE TELEPHONE PEDESTAL UTILITY MANHOLE U UTILITY PEDESTAL UTILITY VAULT WATERMAIN MANHOLE WATER METER WELL WELL

PIEZOMETER

POWER POLE

GUY WIRE

ROOF DRAIN

■ WATER SPIGOT MONITORING WELL ① CURB STOP THYDRANT IRRIGATION VALVE PIV POST INDICATOR VALVE → SIGN SB SOIL BORING

WOE WALKOUT ELEVATION FFF FIRST FLOOR FLEVATION GFE GARAGE FLOOR ELEVATION TOF TOP OF FOUNDATION ELEV. LOE LOWEST OPENING ELEV. 444 BITUMINOUS ----- CTV----- CABLE TV CONCRETE CURB ©60 CONTOUR PROPOSED

/ 960 _ / CONTOUR EXISTING * TREE CONIFEROUS REMOVED ---- DT ---- DRAIN TILE TREE DECIDUOUS REMOVED —— ELC—— ELECTRIC UNDERGROUND ——x——x— FENCE ----- FO ----- FIBER OPTIC UNDERGROUND ----- GAS UNDERGROUND ----- OHU----- OVERHEAD UTILITY TREE LINE -----> ----- SANITARY SEWER ---->> STORM SEWER TELEPHONE UNDERGROUND RETAINING WALL ----- UTILITY UNDERGROUND ---- I ---- WATERMAIN TRAFFIC SIGNAL +++++++ RAILROAD TRACKS

 \circ

RAILROAD SIGNAL RAILROAD SWITCH SATELLITE DISH WETLAND BUFFER SIGN SILT FENCE

CERTIFICATE OF SURVEY PREPARED FOR:

FILE NO. 8790-033

DM.AK DRAWN DLS

DATE

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I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAN OR SPECIFICATION WAS

Charles A. Wiemerslage, P.E. Date: 02/03/25

SATHRE-BERGQUIST, INC.

14000 25TH AVENUE NORTH, SUITE 120 PLYMOUTH MN 55447 (952) 476-6000 WWW SATHRE COM

CHANHASSEN MINNESOTA

TWP. 116-RGE.23-SEC.08

Carver County

L. CRAEMER

Attachment C: Floodplain Technical Memo



TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

To: Dan Schmidt, PE

Sathre-Bergquist, Inc

From: Luke LaMoore, PE

Water Resources Engineer

Re: 7380 Minnewashta Parkway Floodplain Analysis

Date: October 16, 2025

PROJECT BACKGROUND

A parcel is proposed to be redeveloped at 7380 Minnewashta Parkway in Excelsior, MN. This parcel is located within the Minnehaha Creek Watershed District (MCWD). The parcel has a wetland onsite with an unknown floodplain boundary or elevation. The purpose of this memo is to document the floodplain elevation and extents to comply with local regulations. The wetland is not mapped by FEMA, therefore no permitting with FEMA is necessary for the wetland located adjacent to the roadway. All elevations are in vertical datum NAVD88.

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Hydrologic data was generated using GIS. Drainage areas were delineated using aerial imagery and contour data (MnTOPO) along with onsite survey. Soils are classified as HSG B, C, and D for the study area. Time of Concentration was calculated using TR-55 methodology.

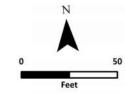
PROPOSED CONDITIONS

For proposed conditions, the new site impervious was incorporated into the model. The only other change in the proposed condition is the driveway on the south boundary of the site being replaced with grass. The wetland outlet, a culvert and berm, is being maintained and unchanged between existing and proposed conditions. The table below lists the 100-year High Water Level (HWL) of the onsite wetland. See **Appendix A** for the HydroCAD modeling. Note that the floodplain elevation does not change and the proposed grading is above this elevation.

Table 1: 100-Year Floodplain Elevation Summary

Scenario	Wetland HWL
Existing	956.72
Proposed	956.72
Difference	0.0





1 inch equals 50 feet



Locator Map Not to Scale

Excelsior Hennepin County, MN

Figure 1

DRAINAGE AREA

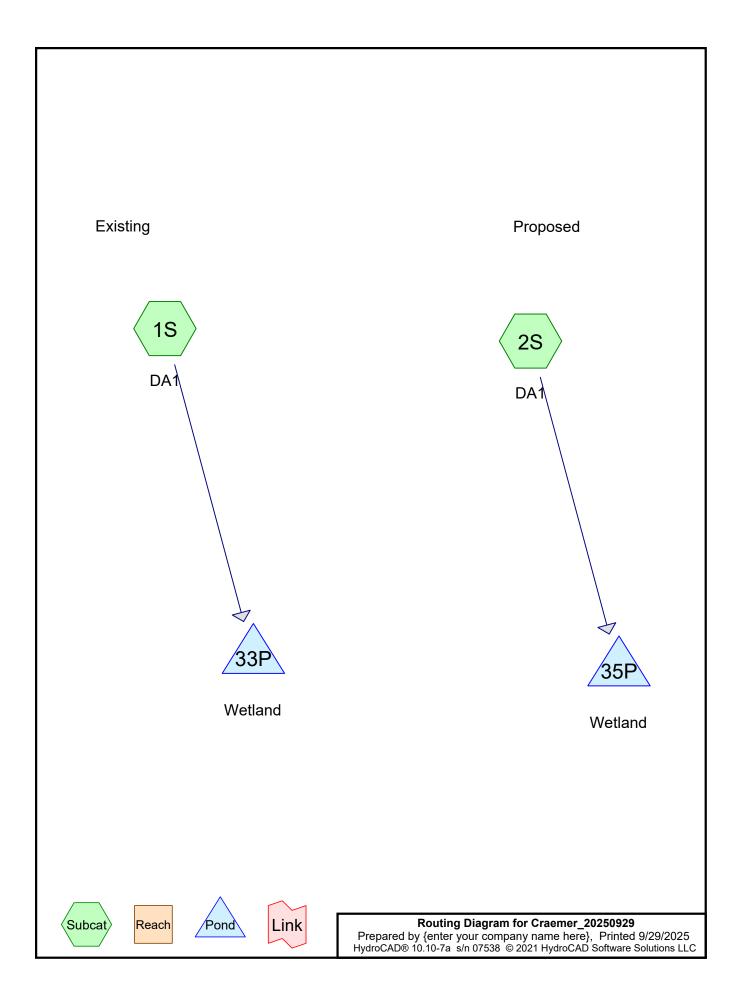
MAP

7380 MINNEWASHTA PARKWAY/SATHRE-BERGQUIST, INC

Date: 9/29/2025



www.ae2s.com | Advanced Engineering and Environmental Services, LLC



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Rainfall Events Listing (selected events)

Event#	Event	Storm Type	Curve	Mode	Duration	B/B	Depth	AMC
	Name				(hours)		(inches)	
1	100-Year	MSE 24-hr	3	Default	24.00	1	7.24	2

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Area Listing (all nodes)

Area	CN	Description
(acres)		(subcatchment-numbers)
0.970	98	WETLAND (1S, 2S)
0.862	58	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG B (1S, 2S)
1.029	72	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG C (1S, 2S)
1.451	79	Woods/grass comb., Good, HSG D (1S, 2S)
0.174	98	impervious (1S, 2S)
4.486	78	TOTAL AREA

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Soil Listing (all nodes)

Area (acres)	Soil Group	Subcatchment Numbers
0.000	HSG A	
0.862	HSG B	1S, 2S
1.029	HSG C	1S, 2S
1.451	HSG D	1S, 2S
1.144	Other	1S, 2S
4.486		TOTAL AREA

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Ground Covers (all nodes)

 HSG-A (acres)	HSG-B (acres)	HSG-C (acres)	HSG-D (acres)	Other (acres)	Total (acres)	Ground Cover	Subcatchment Numbers
 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.970	0.970	WETLAND	1S, 2S
0.000	0.862	1.029	1.451	0.000	3.342	Woods/grass comb., Good	1S, 2S
0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.174	0.174	impervious	1S, 2S
0.000	0.862	1.029	1.451	1.144	4.486	TOTAL AREA	

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Pipe Listing (all nodes)

Line#	Node	In-Invert	Out-Invert	Length	Slope	n	Width	Diam/Height	Inside-Fill
	Number	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(ft/ft)		(inches)	(inches)	(inches)
1	33P	955.20	955.30	18.3	-0.0055	0.013	0.0	12.0	0.0
2	35P	955.20	955.30	18.3	-0.0055	0.013	0.0	12.0	0.0

7380_MinnewashtaPkwy_20250929 MSE 24-hr 3 100-Year Rainfall=7.24"

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Time span=0.00-24.00 hrs, dt=0.03 hrs, 801 points x 2
Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv.
Reach routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method - Pond routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method

Subcatchment1S: DA1 Runoff Area=2.243 ac 25.41% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.70"

Flow Length=250' Tc=14.0 min CN=71/98 Runoff=13.39 cfs 0.879 af

Subcatchment2S: DA1 Runoff Area=2.243 ac 25.59% Impervious Runoff Depth>4.71"

Flow Length=250' Tc=14.0 min CN=71/98 Runoff=13.40 cfs 0.880 af

Pond 33P: Wetland Peak Elev=956.72' Storage=15,935 cf Inflow=13.39 cfs 0.879 af

Primary=3.14 cfs 0.871 af Secondary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=3.14 cfs 0.871 af

Pond 35P: Wetland Peak Elev=956.72' Storage=15,953 cf Inflow=13.40 cfs 0.880 af

Primary=3.14 cfs 0.872 af Secondary=0.00 cfs 0.000 af Outflow=3.14 cfs 0.872 af

Total Runoff Area = 4.486 ac Runoff Volume = 1.760 af Average Runoff Depth = 4.71" 74.50% Pervious = 3.342 ac 25.50% Impervious = 1.144 ac

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Summary for Subcatchment 1S: DA1

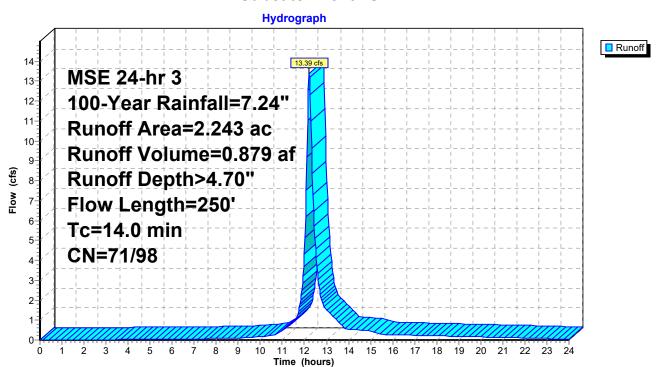
Runoff = 13.39 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 0.879 af, Depth> 4.70"

Routed to Pond 33P: Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs MSE 24-hr 3 100-Year Rainfall=7.24"

	Area	(ac)	CN	Desc	cription		
*	0.	485	98	WET	LAND		
*	0.	085	98	impe	rvious		
	0.	432	58	Woo	ds/grass c	omb., Goo	d, HSG B
	0.	515	72			omb., Goo	
_	0.	726	79	Woo	ds/grass c	omb., Goo	d, HSG D
	2.	243	78	Weig	ghted Aver	age	
	1.	673	71	74.5	9% Pervio	us Area	
	0.	570	98	25.4	1% Imper	∕ious Area	
	Tc	Lengi		Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(fee	t)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	13.1	10	0 (0.080.0	0.13		Sheet Flow,
							Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.85"
	0.9	15	0 (0.1600	2.80		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_							Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	14.0	25	0	Total			

Subcatchment 1S: DA1



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Summary for Subcatchment 2S: DA1

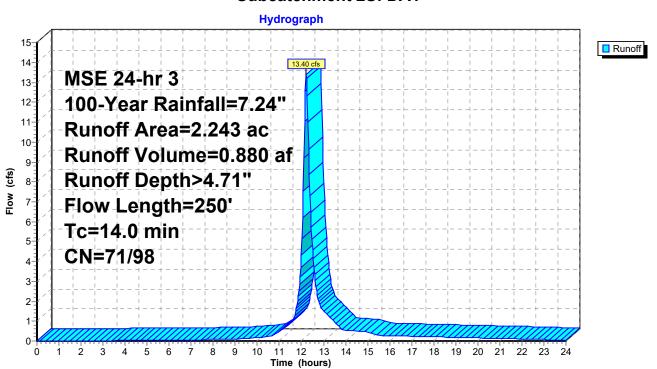
Runoff = 13.40 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 0.880 af, Depth> 4.71"

Routed to Pond 35P: Wetland

Runoff by SCS TR-20 method, UH=SCS, Split Pervious/Imperv., Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs MSE 24-hr 3 100-Year Rainfall=7.24"

	Area	(ac)	C١	N Desc	cription		
*	0.	485	98	3 WET	LAND		
*	0.	089	98	3 impe	ervious		
	0.	430	58	3 Woo	ds/grass d	omb., Goo	d, HSG B
	0.	514	72	2 Woo	ds/grass d	omb., Goo	d, HSG C
	0.	725	79	9 Woo	ds/grass c	omb., Goo	d, HSG D
	2.	243	78	3 Weig	ghted Aver	age	
	1.	669	71	1 74.4	1% Pervio	us Area	
	0.	574	98	3 25.5	9% Imperv	/ious Area	
	Тс	Leng	th	Slope	Velocity	Capacity	Description
_	(min)	(fee	et)	(ft/ft)	(ft/sec)	(cfs)	
	13.1	10	00	0.0800	0.13		Sheet Flow,
							Woods: Light underbrush n= 0.400 P2= 2.85"
	0.9	15	50	0.1600	2.80		Shallow Concentrated Flow,
_							Short Grass Pasture Kv= 7.0 fps
	14.0	25	50	Total			

Subcatchment 2S: DA1



Volume

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Summary for Pond 33P: Wetland

Inflow Area = 2.243 ac, 25.41% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 4.70" for 100-Year event

Inflow = 13.39 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= 0.879 af

Outflow = 3.14 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= 0.871 af, Atten= 77%, Lag= 24.0 min

Primary = 3.14 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= 0.871 af Secondary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 956.72' @ 12.62 hrs Surf.Area= 20,110 sf Storage= 15,935 cf

Avail Storage Storage Description

Plug-Flow detention time= 72.1 min calculated for 0.871 af (99% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 66.2 min (852.7 - 786.5)

Invert

volullie	IIIVEII	Avaii.Stu	rage Storage L	Jescription		
#1	955.20	51,7°	12 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pris	smatic)Listed below (F	Recalc)
Elevation		urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store		
(fee	et)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)		
955.2	20	100	0	0		
956.0	00	11,480	4,632	4,632		
958.0	00	35,600	47,080	51,712		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices			
#1	Primary	955.30'	12.0" Round	Culvert		
	•		Inlet / Outlet In		ecting, Ke= 0.500 55.30' S= -0.0055'/'	Cc= 0.900
#2	Secondary	956.90'	Head (feet) 0.3 2.50 3.00 3.5 Coef. (English)	20 0.40 0.60 0. 0 4.00 4.50	80 1.00 1.20 1.40 ° 3 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.6	

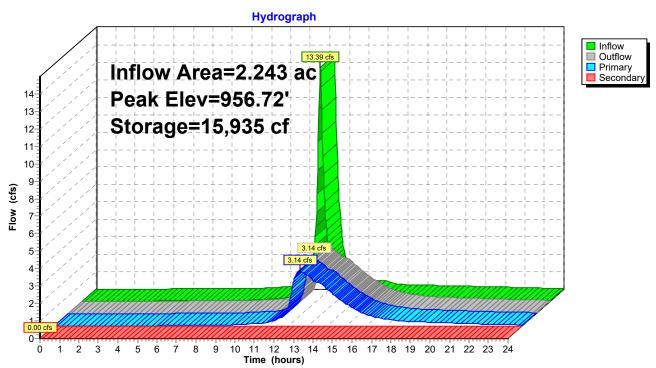
Primary OutFlow Max=3.14 cfs @ 12.62 hrs HW=956.72' (Free Discharge) 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 3.14 cfs @ 4.00 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=955.20' (Free Discharge) 2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Pond 33P: Wetland



Storage

43,189

44,833 46,508

48,212 49,947

51,712

(cubic-feet)

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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond 33P: Wetland

		•	J	
Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)	Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)
955.20	100	0	957.75	32,585
955.25	811	23	957.80	33,188
955.30	1,523	81	957.85	33,791
955.35	2,234	175	957.90	34,394
955.40	2,945	305	957.95	34,997
955.45	3,656	470	958.00	35,600
955.50	4,367	670		
955.55	5,079	906		
955.60	5,790	1,178		
955.65	6,501	1,485		
955.70	7,213	1,828		
955.75	7,924	2,207		
955.80	8,635	2,621		
955.85	9,346	3,070		
955.90	10,058	3,555		
955.95	10,769	4,076		
956.00	11,480	4,632		
956.05	12,083	5,221		
956.10	12,686	5,840		
956.15	13,289	6,490 7,160		
956.20 956.25	13,892 14,495	7,169 7,870		
	15,098	7,879 8,619		
956.30 956.35	15,701	9,389		
956.40	16,304	10,189		
956.45	16,907	11,019		
956.50	17,510	11,879		
956.55	18,113	12,770		
956.60	18,716	13,691		
956.65	19,319	14,642		
956.70	19,922	15,623		
956.75	20,525	16,634		
956.80	21,128	17,675		
956.85	21,731	18,747		
956.90	22,334	19,848		
956.95	22,937	20,980		
957.00	23,540	22,142		
957.05	24,143	23,334		
957.10	24,746	24,556		
957.15	25,349	25,809		
957.20	25,952	27,091		
957.25	26,555	28,404		
957.30	27,158	29,747		
957.35	27,761	31,120		
957.40	28,364	32,523		
957.45	28,967	33,956		
957.50	29,570	35,419		
957.55	30,173	36,913		
957.60 057.65	30,776	38,437		
957.65	31,379	39,991		
957.70	31,982	41,575		

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Summary for Pond 35P: Wetland

2.243 ac, 25.59% Impervious, Inflow Depth > 4.71" for 100-Year event Inflow Area =

13.40 cfs @ 12.22 hrs, Volume= Inflow 0.880 af

0.872 af, Atten= 77%, Lag= 24.0 min 3.14 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= Outflow

Primary 3.14 cfs @ 12.62 hrs, Volume= 0.872 af Secondary = 0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs, Volume= 0.000 af

Routing by Dyn-Stor-Ind method, Time Span= 0.00-24.00 hrs, dt= 0.03 hrs / 2 Peak Elev= 956.72' @ 12.62 hrs Surf.Area= 20,121 sf Storage= 15,953 cf

Plug-Flow detention time= 72.1 min calculated for 0.871 af (99% of inflow)

Center-of-Mass det. time= 66.2 min (852.6 - 786.4)

Volume	Invert	Avail.Sto	rage Storage	Description		
#1	955.20'	51,71	2 cf Custom	Stage Data (Pr	ismatic)Listed below (F	Recalc)
Elevation	n Sı	urf.Area	Inc.Store	Cum.Store		
(fee	t)	(sq-ft)	(cubic-feet)	(cubic-feet)		
955.2	.0	100	0	0		
956.0	0	11,480	4,632	4,632		
958.0	0	35,600	47,080	51,712		
Device	Routing	Invert	Outlet Devices	3		
#1	Primary	955.30'	12.0" Round	Culvert		
	•		Inlet / Outlet Ir		jecting, Ke= 0.500 955.30' S= -0.0055'/	Cc= 0.900
#2	Secondary	956.90'	Head (feet) 0. 2.50 3.00 3.5 Coef. (English	.20 0.40 0.60 (50 4.00 4.50	0.80 1.00 1.20 1.40 1 68 2.67 2.65 2.64 2.6	

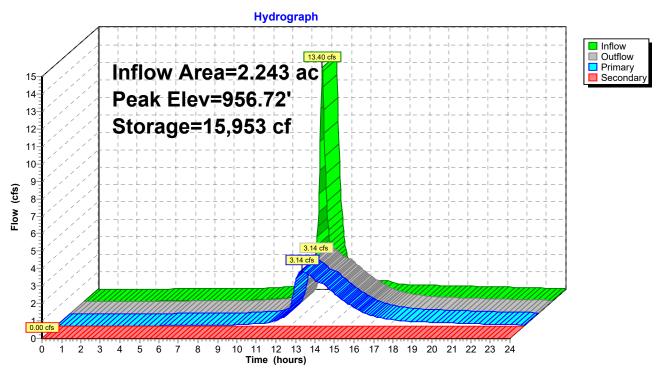
Primary OutFlow Max=3.14 cfs @ 12.62 hrs HW=956.72' (Free Discharge) 1=Culvert (Barrel Controls 3.14 cfs @ 4.00 fps)

Secondary OutFlow Max=0.00 cfs @ 0.00 hrs HW=955.20' (Free Discharge) **2=Broad-Crested Rectangular Weir** (Controls 0.00 cfs)

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Pond 35P: Wetland



Storage

44,833 46,508

48,212 49,947

51,712

(cubic-feet) 43,189

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Stage-Area-Storage for Pond 35P: Wetland

Surface

(sq-ft)

32,585

33,188

33,791

34,394

34,997

35,600

Elevation

(feet)

957.75

957.80

957.85

957.90

957.95

958.00

		•
Elevation (feet)	Surface (sq-ft)	Storage (cubic-feet)
955.20	100	0
955.25	811	23
955.30	1,523	81
955.35	2,234	175
955.40	2,945	305
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957.65	31,379	39,991
957.70	31,982	41,575