

Meeting: Board of Managers
Meeting date: 9/8/2022
Agenda Item #: 7.2
Consent Agenda

Title: Adoption of the 2023 Capital Improvement Plan

Resolution number: 22-054

Prepared by: Name: Michael Hayman

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Reviewed by: Name/Title: Michelle Lincoln, Planner-Project Manager

Recommended action: Board adoption of the annually revised MCWD Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) for the

2023 budget and implementation cycle. This year's CIP includes a more detailed five-

year look into MCWD's capital project planning cycle.

Schedule: June 2022 – Draft CIP reviewed by Board

July 2022 – Release of draft CIP for 30-day review September 2022 – Revisions and approval of 2023 CIP

Budget considerations: Not applicable

Past Board action: Res # 22-042 Authorization to distribute Capital Improvement Plan for annual

review and comment

Summary:

Each year, as described in the MCWD's Watershed Management Plan (Plan), MCWD revises and distributes its 10-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) to cities and counties for 30-day review and comment. The purpose of this annual process is to allow the MCWD to adjust its 10-year CIP based on feasibility analysis of projects described in the Plan, identify new project opportunities through coordination with land use planning, record any shifts in District priorities, and assess staff and financial capacity. As projects are continually being developed, this process also allows the MCWD to provide its stakeholders with a greater level of specificity than was provided in the Plan. MCWD uses the annual distribution of its CIP to remind its member communities of MCWD's implementation approach and its desire to coordinate and align its plans and investments.

To better communicate MCWD's integrated planning model and promote early coordination, the 2023 CIP was revised and distributed to reflect two program initiatives that support MCWD's strategic goals as a project-driven organization.

First, the Land and Water Partnership Program (LWP), formerly the responsive program, is a new program that provides financial and technical support to leverage opportunities created through partner-led projects to incentivize water resource improvement. MCWD is initiating a stakeholder engagement process for this program and has begun reviewing opportunities on a pilot basis. The Maple Creek Pond Improvement Project in the Gleason Lake Subwatershed is the first such project to be incorporated into the CIP.

A second new project that is being incorporated into the 2023 CIP is the County Road Six Pond Improvement Project, which was identified through MCWD's Long Lake Creek Subwatershed Assessment. The assessment identified the potential to retrofit this existing regional pond to remove an additional 150 lbs/yr of phosphorus to Long Lake, an

impaired waterbody. This project presents a near-term opportunity to make progress on water resource goals in a geography of emerging interest.

In addition to these added project opportunities, the 2023 CIP also highlights MCWD's new Multi-Year CIP initiative. The purpose of this initiative is threefold: to improve clarity around near-term project initiatives and the time, staff allocation, and resources needed to execute project workplans; to create a framework that better forecasts the capital budget and fundraising needs over multiples years; and to improve the effectiveness of the CIP as an external communications tool. The Multi-Year CIP and its complimentary tools were the subject of a series of committee workshops from January 2022-April 2022 and were integrated into the annual circulation of the CIP for review and comment. Distribution of the CIP included two new tools that that MCWD continues to refine:

- The five-year CIP table, which shows the forecasted project timelines and cost estimates for capital projects from 2023-2027.
- Project summary pages, which provide high-level information on each project, including: its goals, scope, and justification; a summary of its near-term workplan; and its schedule and budget.

At the July 14, 2022 Board Meeting, the Board reviewed the revised draft CIP (attached) and authorized its distribution to the cities and counties. The CIP was accompanied with a cover letter reiterating the District's implementation approach and its desire to coordinate and align plans and investments with member communities. Cities, counties, and other partners are encouraged to approach the District with project opportunities that may be incorporated into future revisions of the CIP or considered for other forms of District assistance based on alignment with District goals, timing, and capacity.

Comments on the draft CIP were accepted from July 20, 2022 – August 19, 2022. Staff received responses from Edina and St. Louis Park. The responses were procedural in nature, describing a desire to continue a shared focus on partnership opportunities. Each of these comments was provided by City staff via email and were immediately responded to by MCWD staff. Because all staff inquiries are considered procedural in nature, the emails are not included as formal comments, but are available for viewing upon request.

Attachments:

- Draft 2023 CIP
- Draft five-year CIP Table
- Complimentary project summary pages



RESOLUTION

Resolution nu	mber: 22-054							
Title: Adoptio	on of the 2023 Minnehaha Creek Watershed District Capital Improvement Plan							
WHEREAS	Minnehaha Creek Watershed District's (MCWD) 2017 Watershed Management Plan (Plan) incluproposed 10-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP);							
WHEREAS	the Plan requires that MCWD annually release its revised draft CIP for 30-day review and comment to the counties and municipalities in the District;							
WHEREAS	on July 14, 2022, the MCWD Board reviewed the draft CIP and authorized its distribution for 30-day review and comment;							
WHEREAS	staff distributed the draft CIP for review and comment, and comments were received from the Cities of Edina and St. Louis Park;							
WHEREAS	all responses were procedural in nature, requesting minor clarifications about project timing, estimated budgets and partnership opportunities, and as such, were addressed by the appropriate MCWD staff person and are not included as formal comments to the CIP process, but are available for viewing upon request.							
NOW, THEREF attached 2023	ORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the Minnehaha Creek Watershed District Board of Managers hereby adopts the B CIP.							
	mber 22-054 was moved by Manager, seconded by Manager Motion to blution ayes, nays,abstentions. Date: 9/8/2022							
	Date:							
Secretary								

DRAFT Minnehaha Creek Watershed District 2018-2027 Capital Improvement Plan

Subwatershed	Capital Projects	Estimated Cost	Potential Funding Sources*	Proposed Implementati Year
	Arden Park Stream Restoration and Stormwater Management	\$5,020,272	MCWD levy, City of Edina (\$2,732,870), BWSR grant (\$125,000)	Complete - 2020
Minnehaha Creek	Minnehaha Creek FEMA Flood Damage Repairs	\$900,000	MCWD levy, FEMA grant (\$336,459)	Complete - 2020
	325 Blake Road Regional Stormwater and Greenway	\$5,639,250	MCWD levy, BWSR grants (\$495,000), PFA grants (TBD)	2023-2025
	Cottageville Park Phase II Riparian Restoration	\$1,300,000	MCWD levy, partner contributions	2023-2025
	Greenway to Cedar Trail Connection and Streambank Restoration	\$510,000	MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	2023-2024
	Minnehaha Parkway Stormwater Management		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	2025-2027
	Meadowbrook Golf Course Ecological Restoration	\$2,006,730	MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	2026-2027
	Boone-Aquilla Floodplain		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	2027-2029
	Louisiana Trail Greenspace and Stormwater		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
	West Blake Greenway Enhancement		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
	Meadowbrook Greenway Expansion		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
	Hiawatha Golf Course Restoration		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
	Channel/Streambank Restoration		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
	Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
	East Auburn Stormwater Enhancement Project		BWSR grant (\$262,520), City of Victoria (\$64,980)	Complete - 2018
	Wassermann West External Load Reduction and Landscape Restoration		City of Victoria (\$2,184,660), BWSR grant (\$93,879), MCWD levy	Complete - 2021
	Wassermann Internal Load Management	\$335,900	MCWD levy, BWSR grant (\$284,720)	2021-2022
	Six Mile Marsh Prairie Restoration (Trail)	\$347,853	MCWD levy	2021-2022
	East Auburn Wetland Restoration	\$550,000	MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	2024-2025
	Turbid-Lundsten Wetland Restoration	\$3,100,000	MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	2024-2026
	Halsted Bay Watershed Load Management	\$13,000,000	MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	2026-2027
Six Mile Creek-Halsted Bay	Mud Lake Watershed Load Reductions		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	2027-2029
	Pierson Lake Headwaters Restoration		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
	Whole Lake Drawdown		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
	Internal Load Management		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
	Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
	Stream Restoration		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
	Wetland Restoration		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
			MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	2024-2025
Long Lake Creek	County Road Six Pond Retrofit			
	Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
	Potato Marsh Restoration		MCWD levy, USACE Section 206, partner contributions, grants	2027-2029
	Stream Restoration		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	2027-2029
	Wetland Restoration		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	2027-2029
Painter Creek	South Katrina Marsh Restoration		MCWD levy, USACE Section 206, partner contributions, grants	2027-2029
	SOBI Marsh Restoration		MCWD levy, USACE Section 206, partner contributions, grants	2027-2029
	Upper and Lower Painter Marsh Restoration	\$2,800,000	MCWD levy, USACE Section 206, partner contributions, grants	2027-2029
	Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction	\$980,000	MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
Christmas Lake	Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction	\$200,000	MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
Dutch Lake	Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction	\$780,000	MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
Classer Lalia	Maple Creek Pond Improvement Project	\$100,000	MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	2023
Gleason Lake	Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction	\$600,000	MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
	Halsted Bay Internal Phosphorus Load Reduction		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	2026-2027
Lake Minnetonka	Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
Lake Virginia	Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
Langdon Lake	Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based
Languon Lake	Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction		MCWD levy, partner contributions, grants	Opportunity-based

MCWD 5-Year CIP Projection

			IVICVVD 3-1Eai CIF	-		2025		2006		202
	F.1	2023		2024		2025	F.1. D. 1.	2026	F.1. D. 1	2027
MINNEHAHA CREEK SUBWATERSHED	Estimated Cost* Est	. Budget Category	Est. Budget	Category	Est. Budget	Category	Est. Budget	Category	Est. Budget	Category
Arden Park Stream Restoration and Stormwater	\$ 5,020,272 Co									
Management Attack to the Control of the Lorentz Control of the Control of the Lorentz Cont	¢000.000.6-									
Minnehaha Creek FEMA Flood Damage Repairs	\$900,000-Co	•		20.0	6226.4	F7 ([6]	14/		
325 Blake Road Regional Stormwater and Greenway	\$5,639,250	\$1,632,285 Construct		28 Construction		57 Construction	[Carryover]	Warranty		
Cottageville Park Phase II Riparian Restoration	\$1,300,000	\$650,000 Construct	ion \$520,0	00 Construction	\$130,0	00 Construction	[Carryover]	Warranty		
Greenway to Cedar Trail Connection and Streambank	\$510,000	665 000 D	Ċ445.0	00.0	101	NA / . . .				
Restoration		\$65,000 Design		00 Construction	[Carryover]	Warranty				
Minnehaha Parkway Stormwater Management	\$1,500,000	\$100,000 Planning		00 Design	[Carryover]	Design		000 Construction	[Carryover]	Warranty
Meadowbrook Golf Course Ecological Restoration	\$2,006,730			00 Planning		00 Design		'30 Construction	[Carryover]	Warranty
Boone-Aquilla Floodplain	\$500,000		\$25,0	00 Planning	\$25,0	00 Planning	\$50,0	000 Design	\$450,0	000 Construction
Meadowbrook Greenway Expansion		portunity Driven								
West Blake Greenway Enhancement		portunity Driven								
Louisiana Trail Greenspace and Stormwater		portunity Driven								
Hiawatha Golf Course Restoration		portunity Driven								
Channel/Streambank Restoration		portunity Driven								
Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction	\$2,450,000 <i>Op</i>	portunity Driven								
SIX MILE CREEK HALSTED BAY SUBWATERSHED										
East Auburn Stormwater Enhancement Project	\$327,500 -Co	•								
Wassermann Internal Load Management	\$335,900 -Complete									
Six Mile Marsh Prairie Restoration (Trail)	\$347,851 Co	•								
Wassermann Lake Preserve	\$2,761,786	\$10,737 Warranty	\$10,7	37 Warranty						
East Auburn Wetland Restoration	\$550,000	\$68,000 Design	[Carryover]	Design	\$482,0	00 Construction	[Carryover]	Construction	[Carryover]	Warranty
Turbid-Lundsten Wetland Restoration	\$3,100,000	\$45,000 Planning \$250,000 Design	[Carryover]	Design	\$2,800,0	00 Construction	[Carryover]	Construction	[Carryover]	Warranty
Halsted Bay Watershed Load Management	\$13,000,000	\$80,000 Planning	\$25,0	00 Planning	\$500,0	00 Design	[Carryover]	Design	\$12,500,0	000 Construction
Mud Lake Watershed Load Reductions	\$3,090,000		\$50,0	00 Planning	\$25,0	00 Planning	\$150,000 Design		[Carryover]	Design
Pierson Lake Headwaters Restoration	\$367,800 <i>Op</i>	portunity Driven								
Whole Lake Drawdown	\$770,000 <i>Op</i>	portunity Driven								
Internal Load Management	\$980,000 <i>Op</i>	portunity Driven								
Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction										
Stream Restoration	\$870,000 Opportunity Driven									
Wetland Restoration	\$3,000,000 Opportunity Driven									
LONG LAKE CREEK SUBWATERSHED	. , , ,	,								
County Road Six Stormwater Pond Retrofit		\$110,000 Design	\$415,0	00 Construction	[Carryover]	Warranty				
Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction	\$1,320,000 <i>Op</i>	portunity Driven								
PAINTER CREEK SUBWATERSHED		· · · · · ·								
Potato Marsh Restoration	\$870,000				TBD	Planning	TBD	Planning		
South Katrina Marsh Restoration	\$1,270,000				TBD	Planning	TBD	Planning		
SOBI Marsh Restoration	\$240,000				TBD	Planning	TBD	Planning		
	¢2,000,000				TBD	Planning	TBD	Planning		
Upper and Lower Painter Marsh Restoration	\$2,800,000									
Upper and Lower Painter Marsh Restoration Stream Restoration		portunity Driven			100					
• •	\$2,990,000 <i>Op</i>				100			-		

CHRISTMAS LAKE					
Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction	\$200,000 Opportunity Driven				
DUTCH LAKE					
Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction	\$780,000 Opportunity Driven				
GLEASON LAKE					
Maple Creek Pond Improvement Project	\$100,000 \$100,000 Construction	n			
Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction	\$600,000 Opportunity Driven				
LAKE MINNETONKA					
Halsted Bay Internal Phosphorus Load Reduction	\$1,400,000 Planning Phase to run concur	rent with Halsted Alum Facility	\$140,000 Design	[Carryover] Design	\$1,400,000 Construction
Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction	\$1,000,000 Opportunity Driven				
LAKE VIRGINIA					
Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction	\$650,000 Opportunity Driven				
LANGDON LAKE					
Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction	\$230,000 Opportunity Driven				
SCHUTZ LAKE					
Stormwater Volume and Pollutant Load Reduction	\$250,000 Opportunity Driven				
BUDGET SUMMARY	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027
Planning Budget	\$225,000	\$150,000	\$50,000	\$0	\$0
Capital Budget	\$2,886,022	\$2,946,565	\$4,578 <i>,</i> 457	\$3,256,730	\$14,350,000
Total	\$3,111,022	\$3,096,565	\$4,628,457	\$3,256,730	\$14,350,000

KEY

Opportunity Driven: projects in the CIP that are dependent on factors external to MCWD, including projects that would be identified through the Land and Water Partnership **[Carryover]:** Funds for design and construction are typically levied in the year that project phase is intiatied. If the activity spans multiple years, it will use carryover from the previous year and not impact the follow years' levy.

MULTI-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

2023-2027

OVERVIEW

PROJECT NAME

Greenway to Cedar Trail Connection and Streambank Restoration

LOCATION

St. Louis Park (Minnehaha Creek)

TARGET WATERBODY

Minnehaha Creek

DESCRIPTION

SCOPE

Planned streambank stabilization, riparian restoration, and construction of a trail connection along Minnehaha Creek from the Minnehaha Creek Preserve to the Cedar Lake LRT Regional Trail. This link in the Minnehaha Creek Greenway will be planned in partnership with the City of St. Louis Park and Metropolitan Council and timed to coinicide with Southwest LRT (SWLRT) construction completion.

GOALS

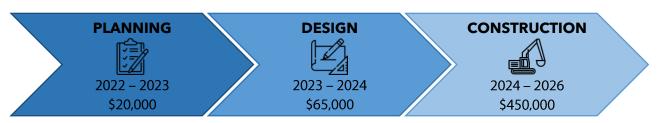
Provide a key connection between existing and future MCWD projects upstream and downstream of the rail corridor, increasing pedestrian and bicyclist safety and improving recreation and transportation access to the Cedar Lake LRT Regional Trail and future SWLRT stations at Blake Road and Louisiana Avenue. The overall ecological integrity of the stream corridor will be improved through approximately 1,500 lineal feet of streambank stabilization and riparian restoration.

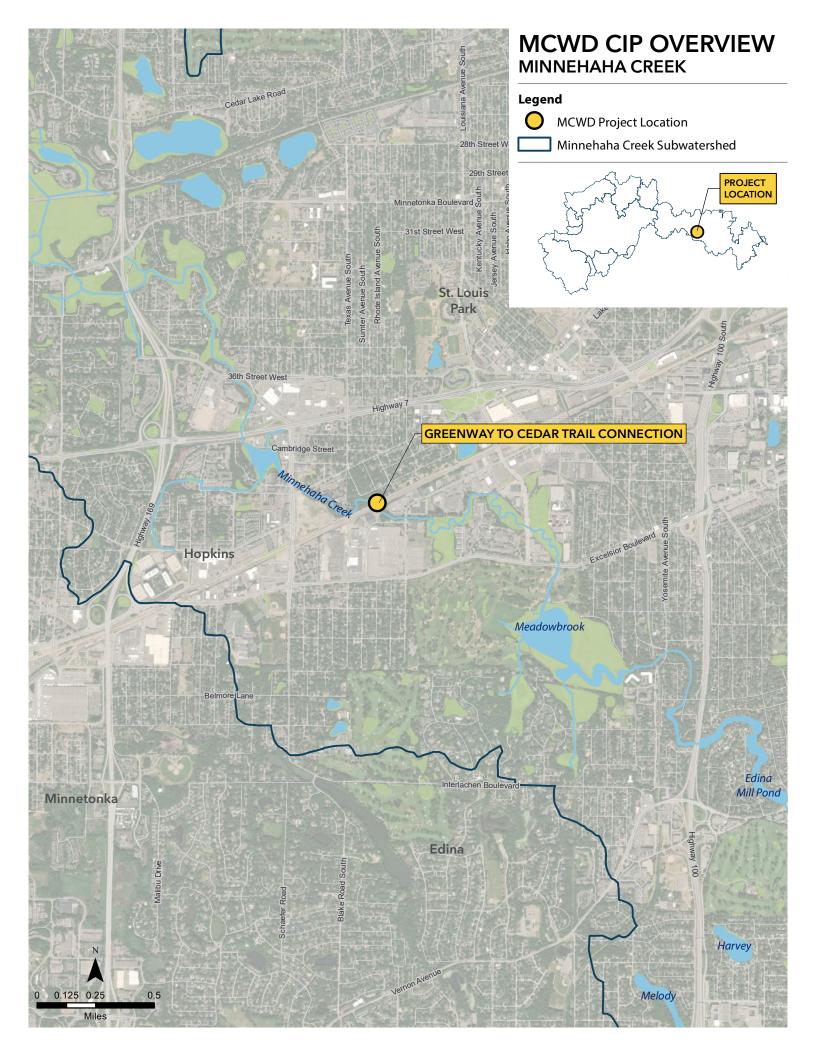
JUSTIFICATION

Upstream and downstream Minnehaha Creek Greenway projects are currently separated by freight rail and the future Southwest LRT line, and there is no direct pedestrian or bicycle connection between these investments or the Cedar Lake LRT Regional Trail. The bridge crossing at Minnehaha Creek is the site of past creek manipulation, and Minnehaha Creek is currently impaired for fecal coliform bacteria, chloride, low dissolved oxygen, and fish and macroinvertebrate communities. Lake Hiawatha, Minnehaha Creek's receiving waterbody, is impaired for nutrients due to sediment and nutrient loads transported by Minnehaha Creek and both waterbodies have TMDLs.

WORKPLAN SUMMARY

In 2022, MCWD will compile existing and newly collected data to complete a feasibility assessment and develop a scope for project design. MCWD will pursue partnership agreements, including a design and construction agreement with St. Louis Park, and target 2023 to iniate design. Construction will be coordinated between MCWD and the other agencies who own or operate the SWLRT right-of-way.





MULTI-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

2023-2027

OVERVIEW

PROJECT NAME

Minnehaha Parkway Stormwater Management

LOCATION

Minneapolis (Minnehaha Creek)

TARGET WATERBODY

Minnehaha Creek, Lake Hiawatha



DESCRIPTION

SCOPE

Proposed partnership with the City of Minneapolis and Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board (MPRB) to create a shared implementation framework for the Minnehaha Parkway Regional Trail Master Plan, a 30 year vision to enhance recreation, improve ecological function of the creek corridor, improve public safety, address flooding, and improve water quality in the Minneapolis segment of the Minnehaha Creek corridor.

GOALS

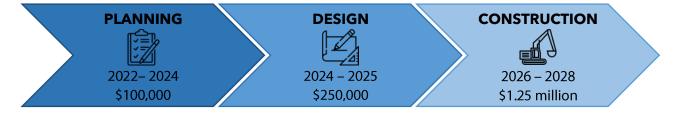
The Minnehaha Parkway Regional Trail Master Plan includes 35 water resource projects, which together would remeandor 2.65 miles of creek, restore 51.8 acres of upland landscape, reduce annual phsophorus loading to lake Hiawatha by 434 lbs/year; increase floodplain storage by 56 acre-feet; and create six new creek access points.

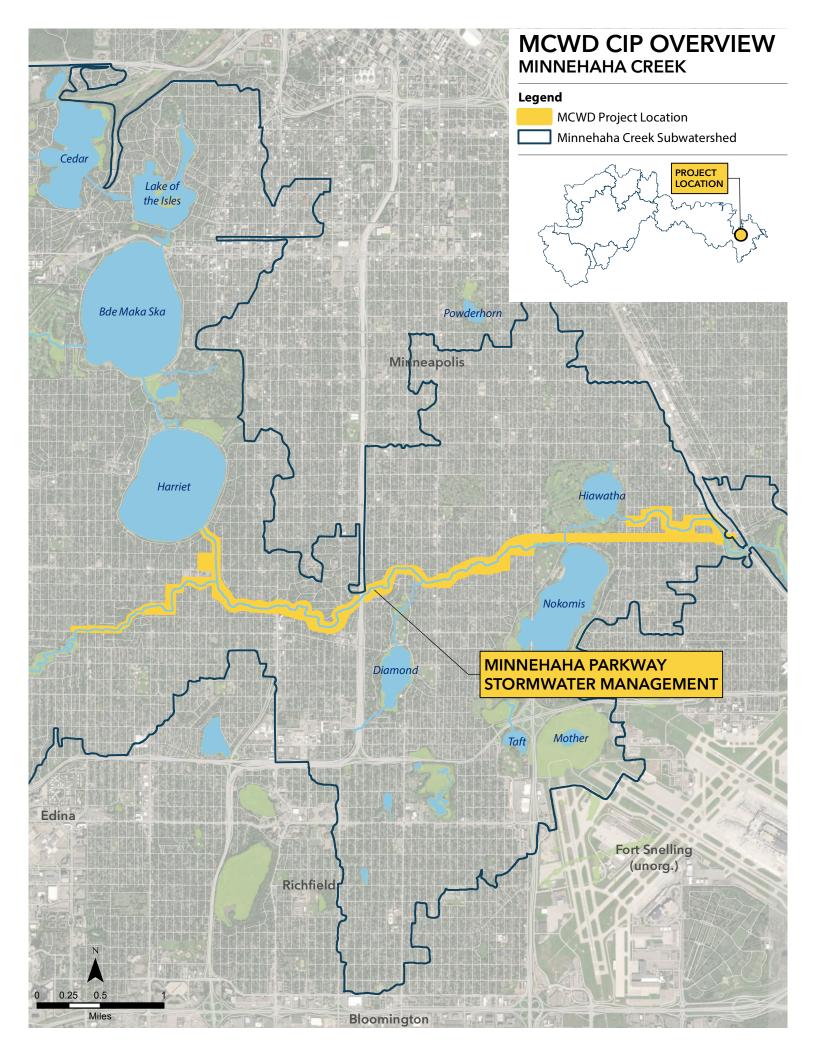
JUSTIFICATION

Minnehaha Creek is an iconic regional and cultural natural resource. It is an impaired water body for multiple parameters, including fecal coliform bacteria, chloride, low dissolved oxygen, and fish and macroinvertebrate communities. Further, the MPCA has listed downstream receiving water body Lake Hiawatha as impaired for excess nutrients. Minnehaha Creek is further impacted by rapidly fluctuating water flows that contribute to bank erosion and impair the biotic integrity of the stream.

WORKPLAN SUMMARY

The focus for 2023 will be on developing a shared implementation framework between MCWD, MPRB, and Minneapolis to identify and implement priority capital improvements in the Minnehaha Parkway. Successful partnership development will lead to future advancement of specific capital projects through the planning, design, and construction cycle. The below timeline is illustrative of a potential first phase project for implementation.





MULTI-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

2023-2027

OVERVIEW

PROJECT NAME

Meadowbrook Golf Course Ecological Restoration and Greenway Expansion

LOCATION

St. Louis Park, Hopkins, and Edina (Minnehaha Creek)

TARGET WATERBODY

Minnehaha Creek

DESCRIPTION

SCOPE

Reevaluate plan to reconfigure and enhance Meadowbrook Golf Course to restore and improve the ecological integrity of the Minnehaha Creek stream corridor, enhance on-site flood storage and resilience, and connect the Minnehaha Creek Greenway through Minneapolis Parks and Recreation Board land to the City of Edina parks and trails system.

GOALS

The project would improve the ecological integrity and upland areas of the golf course along a 1,200-foot stretch of the Minnehaha Creek corridor, improve water quality in Minnehaha Creek and Lake Hiawatha through buffers and imprved stromwater managment, and restore weltand function. It may explore the potential to reduce flooding impacts to Meadowbrook Golf Course and surrounding neighborhoods via the creation of additional storage, and connect the Minnehaha Creek Greenway to the City of Edina parks and trails system.

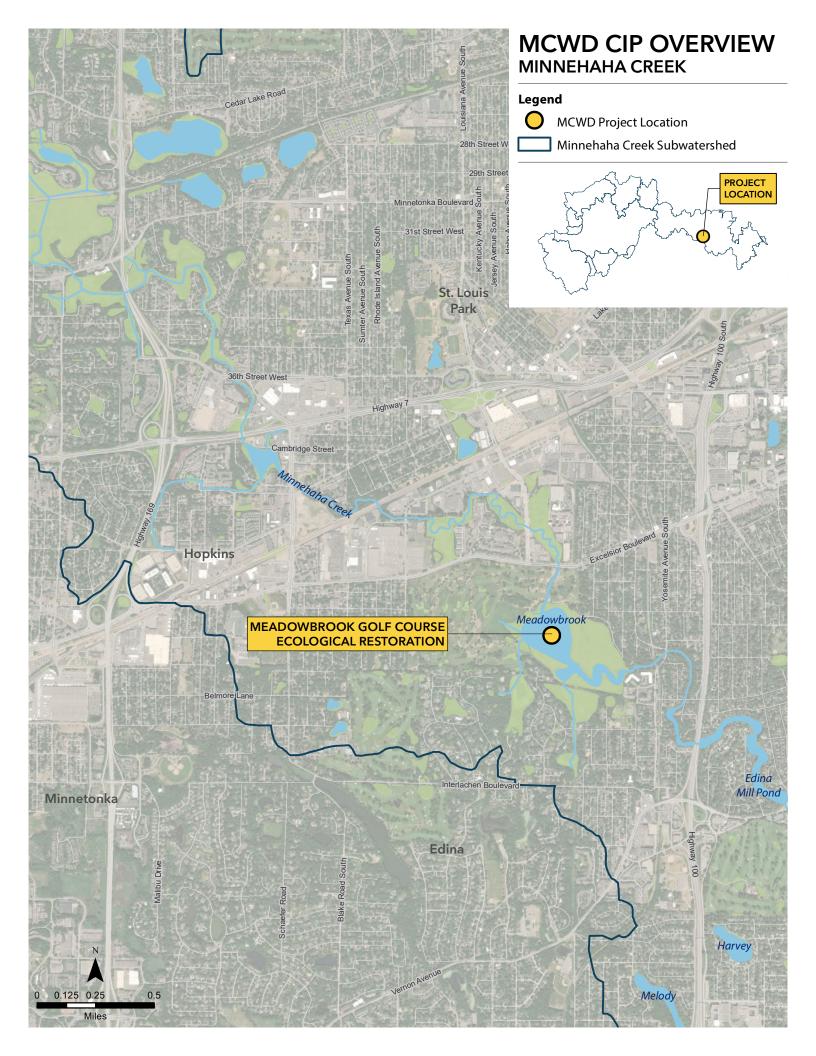
JUSTIFICATION

The project is within the most degraded section of the Minnehaha Creek corridor, which historically experienced ditching, wetland loss, and habitat fragmentation. Minnehaha Creek is currently impaired for fecal coliform bacteria, chloride, low dissolved oxygen, and fish and macroinvertebrate communities. Lake Hiawatha, Minnehaha Creek's receiving waterbody, is impaired for nutrients due to sediment and nutrient loads transported by Minnehaha Creek and both waterbodies have TMDLs. This projectwould connect to the upstream Minnehaha Creek Corridor, supporting both recreation access and ecological integrity through this contiguous stretch of restored greenway.

WORKPLAN SUMMARY

The Meadowbrooke Golf Course Project underwent feasibility and design in 2015-2016. MCWD has identified 2024 as a possible target to reinitiate project planning and partnership development. Advancing the project, either as designed or of a modified scope, is contingent on developing partnership agreements with MPRB. The timeline below is reliant on partnership alignment, and therefore illustrative only.





MULTI-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

2023-2027

OVERVIEW

PROJECT NAME

Boone-Aquila Floodplain Restoration

LOCATION

St. Louis Park (Minnehaha Creek)

TARGET WATERBODY

Minnehaha Creek

DESCRIPTION

SCOPE

Evaluate opportunity for floodplain restoration, stormwater management, and enhanced recreational access along Minnehaha Creek in the Aquila neighborhood of St. Louis Park near Target-Knollwood.

GOALS

This project may improve the ecological integrity along approxiomately 1,000-feet of an urbanized stretch of Minnehaha Creek, explore expansion of floodplain storage over a three-acre area, enhance riparian habitats, and provide safe recreational access to Minnehaha Creek and connections to the Minnehaha Creek Greenway.

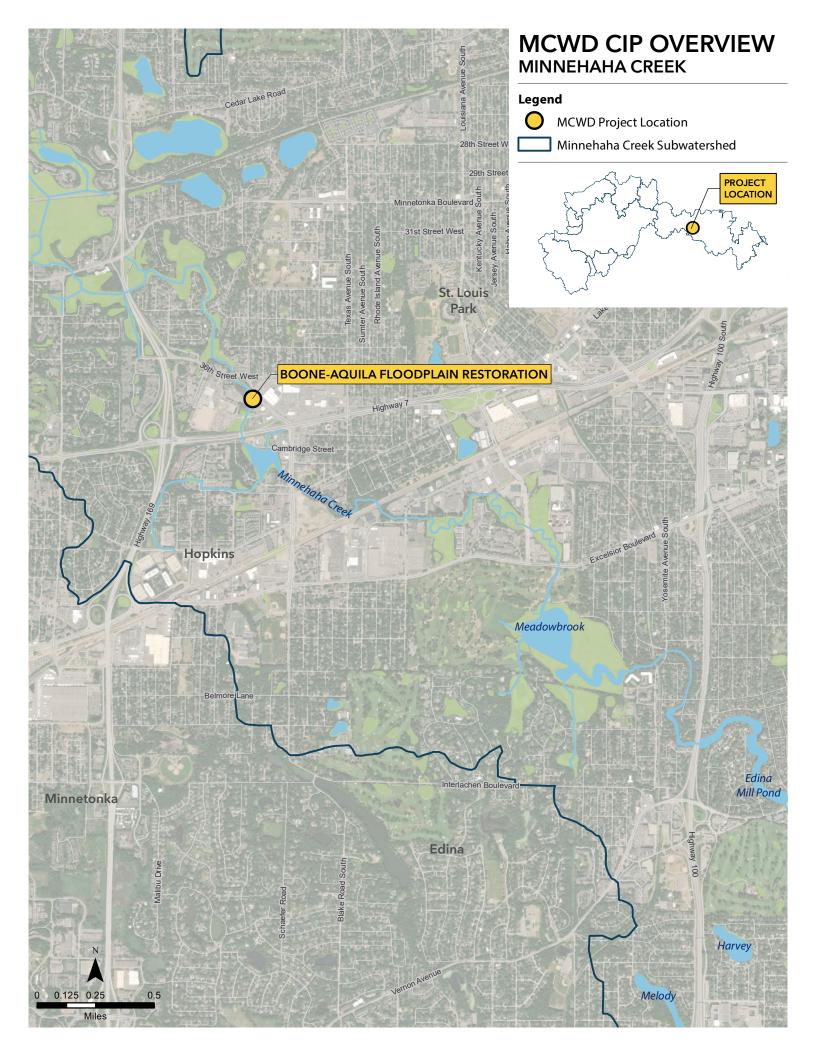
JUSTIFICATION

Historic development of this urban stretch of Minnehaha Creek resulted in filling large areas of floodplain, localized flooding, and impervious surfaces within the floodplain. Minnehaha Creek is currently impaired for fecal coliform bacteria, chloride, low dissolved oxygen, and fish and macroinvertebrate communities. Lake Hiawatha, Minnehaha Creek's receiving waterbody, is impaired for nutrients due to sediment and nutrient loads transported by Minnehaha Creek and both waterbodies have TMDLs.

WORKPLAN SUMMARY

The ability to design and execute a project is dependent on landowner interest in either integrating a project on their property through redevelopment or conveying property to MCWD. MCWD will consider 2024 to reinitiate project planning, which may include technical review and data collection to better evaluate potential project developments, evaluation of partnership and land acquisition opportunities, and developing conceptual design and implementation scenarios. The timeline below is illustrative only based on the hypothetical advancement of a project out of the planning phase.





MULTI-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

2023-2027

OVERVIEW

PROJECT NAME

East Auburn Wetland Restoration

LOCATION

Victoria (Six Mile Creek-Halsted Bay)

TARGET WATERBODY

East Auburn Lake

DESCRIPTION

SCOPE

This project will target phosphorus export from a degraded wetland at the outlet of Wassermann Lake. MCWD will conduct monitoring and feasibility to develop a project approach that will likely include an innovative solution, depending on observed wetland conditions.

GOALS

The project will target a phosphorus reduction of 135 lbs/yr. Secondary benefits including habitat restoration and increased water storage will be explored through feasibility.

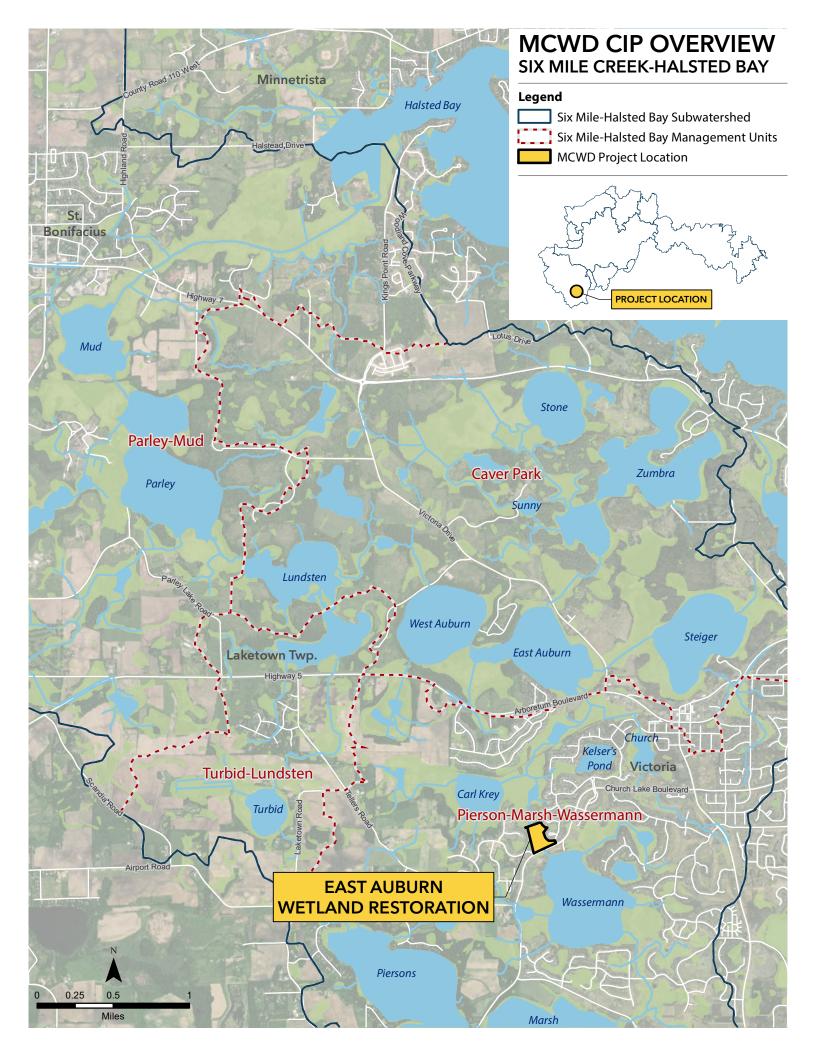
JUSTIFICATION

East Auburn is an impaired waterbody requiring a total nutrient reduction of 626 lbs/yr, with 410 lbs/yr designated from the upstream watershed. This project will target a specific wetland segment at the outlet of Wassermann Lake that represents the highest identified concentration of nutrient export to East Auburn Lake. Management methods for reducing nutrient output from degraded wetlands are not well established, and successful implementation may support the implementation of projects in similar wetland systems in the future.

WORKPLAN SUMMARY

In 2022, MCWD will seek to complete a feasibility assessment to identify the project scope to address nutrient export from the subject wetland. 2023 anticipated work includes refining the project approach, developing partnership agreements, and commencing project design, pending Board consideration.





MULTI-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

2023-2027

OVERVIEW

PROJECT NAME

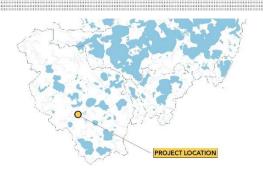
Turbid-Lundsten Corridor Restoration

LOCATION

Laketown Township (Six Mile Creek Halsted Bay)

TARGET WATERBODY

Turbid, South & North Lundsten Lakes, Six Mile Creek



DESCRIPTION

SCOPE

An individual project or set of combined complementary projects will reduce phosphorus loading and export within this chain of lakes and the adjacent wetlands. Project opportunities to be evaluated include wetland and stream corridor restoration, internal load treatment using alum, and habitat corridor establishment.

GOALS

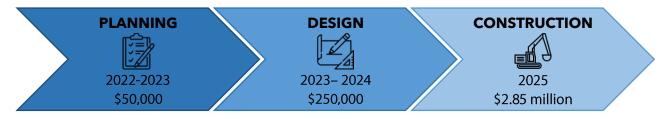
Project benefits may include an approximate 35 lbs/yr nutrient reduction to Turbid Lake and 55 lbs/yr reduction to South Lundsten (based on 2012 feasibility); 95 acres of restored wetlands with associated ecological and hydrological benefits; and future integration with residential development and an expanding greenway corridor.

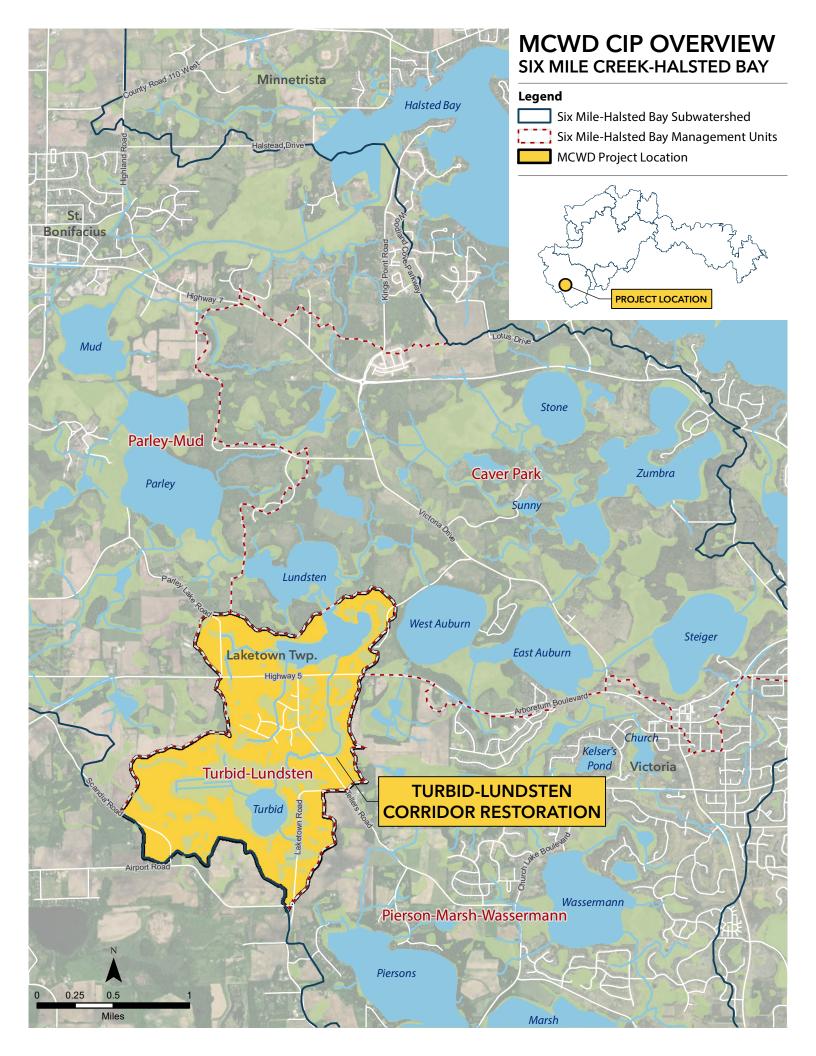
JUSTIFICATION

Turbid Lake is impaired for nutrients which is primarily due to internal loading. The lake requires a 138 lbs/yr phosphorus reduction under an approved TMDL. South Lundsten has very high phosphorus concentrations but is classified as a wetland and therefore does not have a TMDL. The altered wetlands around this small chain of lakes and internal loading are the principal drivers of degraded water quality. Previous feasibility studies have identified viable management strategies in this corridor.

WORKPLAN SUMMARY

MCWD is in the early planning phase for opportunities in this corridor. The scale of work will be dependent on land acquisition, potential partnerships, and the identification of feasible project opportunities, all of which will be explored through planning work in 2022 and 2023. Projects identified for near term implementation will be advanced through the CIP. The timeline below is based on the assumption that a specific project is advanced out of the planning phase for near term implementation.





MULTI-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

2023-2027

OVERVIEW

PROJECT NAME

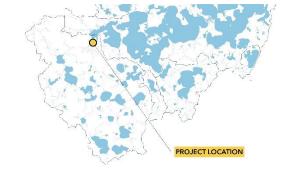
Lake Minnetonka – Halsted Bay Alum Treatment Facility

LOCATION

Minnetrista (Six Mile Creek Halsted Bay)

TARGET WATERBODY

Halsted Bay, Lake Minnetonka



DESCRIPTION

SCOPE

Evaluate the construction of a phosphorus removal facility which would pump water from Six Mile Creek, treat it using aluminum sulfate (alum), and discharge treated water into the Creek before entering Halsted Bay. Alum treatment to address internal loading in Halsted Bay may also be cosidered as complementary component of this project.

GOALS

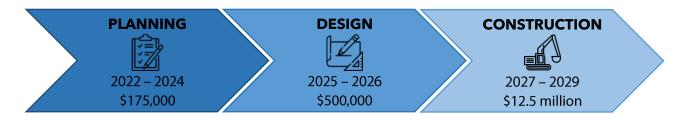
This project would reduce nutrient loading to Halsted Bay by an estimated 1,620 lbs/yr. If paired with an in-lake alum treatment, an additional 1,900 lbs/yr reduction could be achieved. Secondary benefits include increased water clarity, reemergence of aquatic habitat, and improved recreational value.

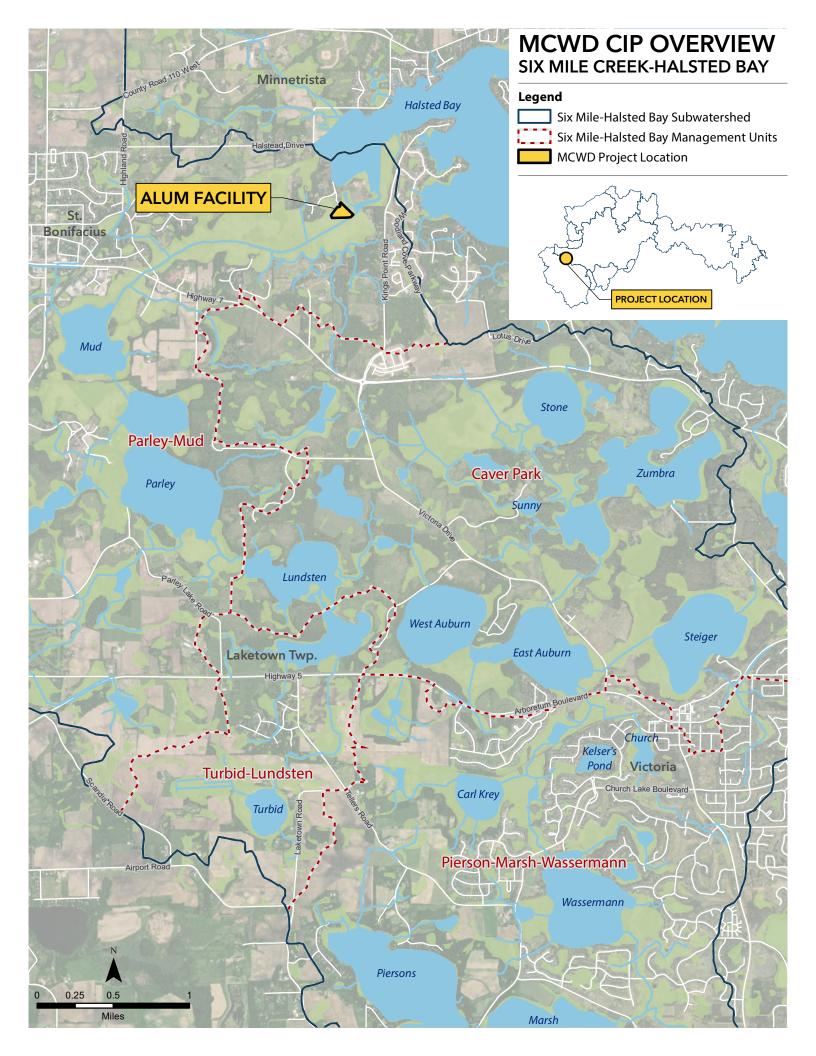
JUSTIFICATION

Halsted Bay is impaired for nutrients and requires the largest phosphorus load reduction of any waterbody in the MCWD. Preliminary feasibility assessments identified that 50% of the nutrient load to Halsted Bay is from the Six Mile Marsh wetland (40% internal load, 10% other watershed load), requiring a 2,000 lbs/yr nutrient load reduction. The vast majority of nutrient input to Halsted Bay is dissolved phosphorus, which requires chemical treatment for removal. Meeting state water quality standards in Halsted Bay will require addressing both watershed and internal loading.

WORKPLAN SUMMARY

MCWD plans to commence the project planning phase in fall 2022 and will continue through 2023. Preliminary work will focus on reviewing the 2012 feasibility report and validating the conceptual design; meeting with project partners to initiate discussions around facility operations, regulatory frameworks, and funding; and developing a project outreach plan. Consideration of advancing the project into design will be carefully considered by MCWD's Board in collaboration with project partners.





MULTI-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

2023-2027

OVERVIEW

PROJECT NAME

Mud Lake Watershed Load Reductions

LOCATION

Minnetrista, St. Bonifacius (Six Mile Creek Halsted Bay)

TARGET WATERBODY

Mud Lake, Halsted Bay

DESCRIPTION

SCOPE

Individual project or projects to reduce nutrient loading in the Mud Lake subwatershed which may include wetland retoration, regional stormwater treatment, and existing stormwater facility retrofits.

GOALS

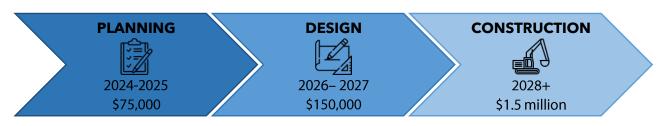
The primary purpose of these projects are to reduce nutrient loading to Mud Lake. Phosphorus sources to Mud Lake are diffuse and implementation will take place in a phased approach, targeting the most cost-effective and highest impact projects first.

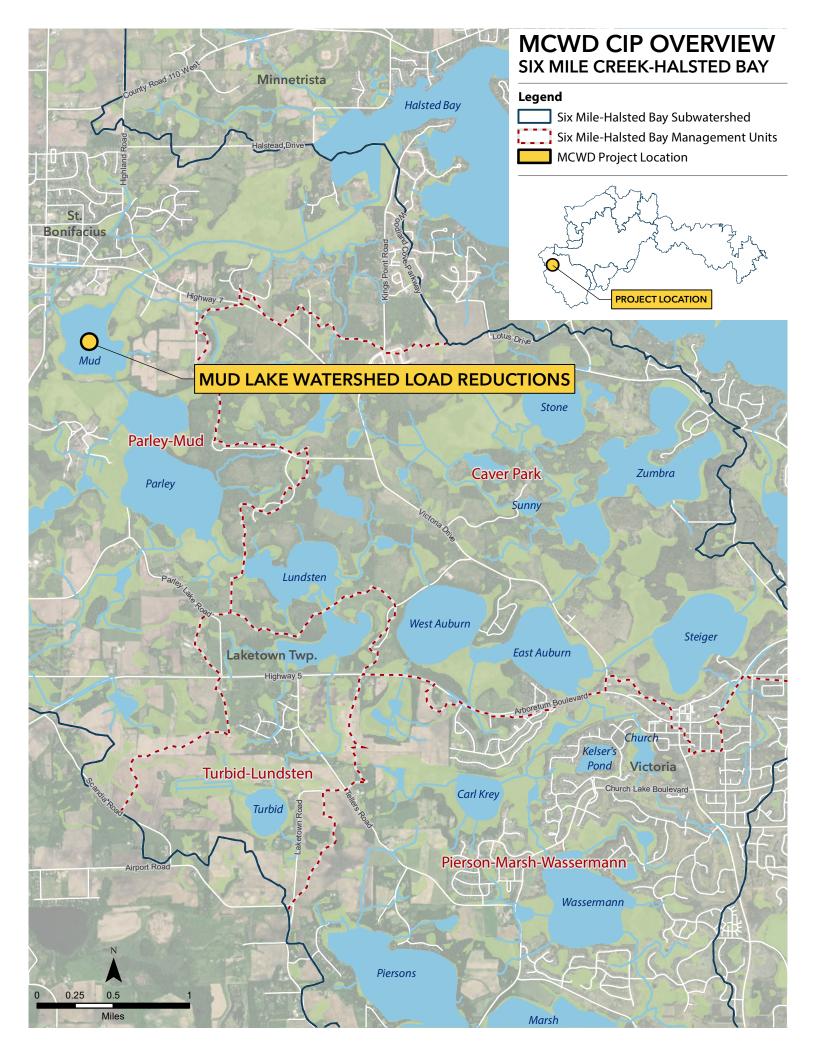
JUSTIFICATION

The 2013 Six Mile Diagnostic identified Mud Lake as having very poor water quality, driven by a combination of internal loading, upstream lake water quality, and watershed loading. Reductions between 78% and 95% (1,864 lbs/yr – 2,258 lbs/yr) from the direct watershed are needed to shift the ecological condition of Mud Lake and address downstream impacts to Halsted Bay. Halsted Bay requires the largest phosphorus load reduction in the District and 50% of its load comes from upstream Mud Lake via the Six Mile Marsh wetland complex.

WORKPLAN

MCWD completed a study in 2018 that evaluated a range of project opportunities to address nutrient loading to Mud Lake. In 2024, MCWD plans to initiate planning to reevaluate the technical assumptions, preliminary feasibility, and property rights in order to develop a multiphase implementation strategy. The timeline below is based on the hypothetical identification of a project or series of projects through that early planning work. The construction cost assumes a phased implementation approach.





MULTI-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

2023-2027

OVERVIEW

PROJECT NAME

County Road 6 Pond Retrofit

LOCATION

Orono (Long Lake Creek)

TARGET WATERBODY

Long Lake



DESCRIPTION

SCOPE

Proposed retrofit of an existing MCWD pond providing downstream treatment of both the Wolsfeld and Holy Name management units through the addition of a sand filtration bench to improve water quality treatment capacity.

GOALS

Reduce nutrient loading to Long Lake by approximately 150 lbs/yr and reduce TSS loading by approximately 85%.

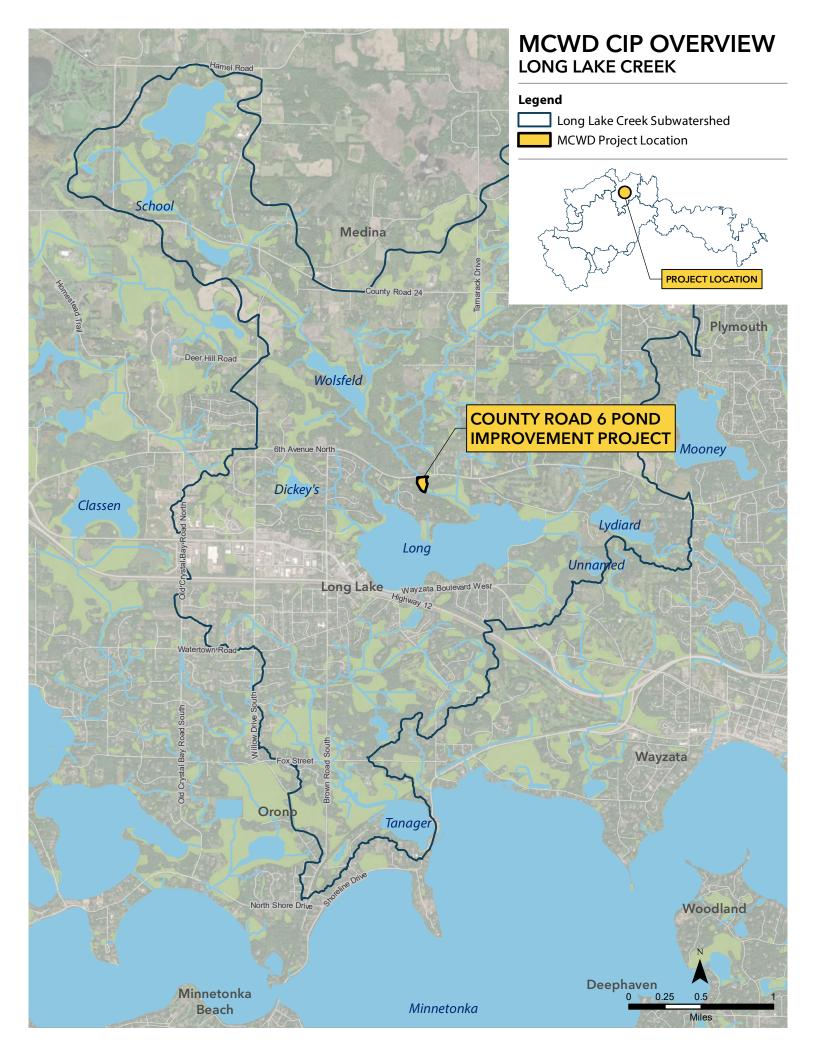
JUSTIFICATION

Long Lake is impaired for nutrients and requires a 62% (411 lbs) reduction to meet state water quality standards, including 195 lbs/yr from watershed sources. Monitoring of the County Road 6 pond in 2021 identified concentrations of phosphorus in the pond to be higher than previously understood, presenting an opportunity to make significant progress towards the watershed load reduction goal. With other projects in the subwatershed reliant on land use change, this presents a short term implementation opportunity.

WORKPLAN SUMMARY

In 2022, MCWD intends to build on the collected monitoring data and concept development to complete project feasibility. Pending the completion of project feasibility, Board consideration, and project ordering, MCWD anticipates 2023 project design and 2024 construction.





MULTI-YEAR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

2023-2027

OVERVIEW

PROJECT NAME

Painter Creek Wetland Restorations

LOCATION

Independence, Medina, Minnetrista, Orono (Painter Creek Subwatershed)

TARGET WATERBODY

Jennings Bay, Lake Minnetonka

DESCRIPTION

SCOPE

Proposed development of a systematic implementation plan for the subwatershed that protects and improves the ecological integrity of the extensive wetland network through hydrologic and vegetative wetland restorations while addressing nutrient loading to downstream Jenning's Bay.

PROJECT LOCATION

GOALS

The development of specific project goals will be a component of the implementation plan. Target goals may include increased wetland habitat diversity, reduced sedimentation and pollutant loading, and hydrologic resotoration.

JUSTIFICATION

The Painter Creek Subwatershed is a regionally significant subwatershed that contains a number of large wetlands, many of which have been ditched or otherwise altered, that are connected by Painter Creek. Painter Creek contributes an estimated 33-50% of the total annual phosphorus load to Jennings Bay on Lake Minnetonka, which is impaired. The MCWD has previously established a partnership with the United States Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), which identified the potential restoration of four of the major wetland marsh systems under the Federal Section 206 Program, which may provide funding and implementation assistance for projects in the subwatershed.

WORKPLAN SUMMARY

Prior to commencing project work in the Painter Creek Subwatershed, MCWD will systematically develop an implementation framework that integrates natural resource goals, local context, and the previous work completed in partnership with the USACE. Planning will be initiated in 2025, likely starting with a subwatershed assessment lead by MCWD's Research and Monitoring team.



